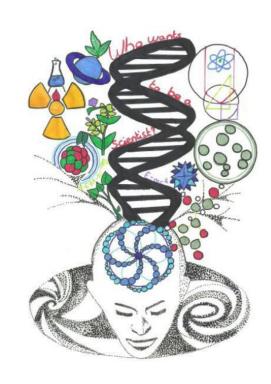
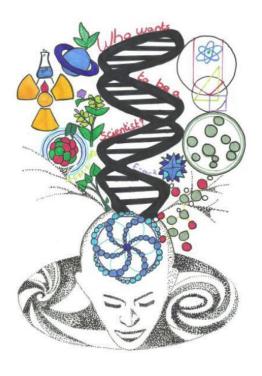
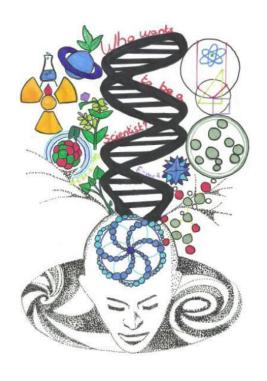


WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS



WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS





- 1. I was born at December 27, 1822 and I died at September 28, 1895.
- I was appointed to the Chair of Chemistry in the faculty of sciences of the University of Strasbourg in 1848. 6 years later, he was named dean of the new faculty of sciences at Lille_University.
- 3. I demonstrated that fermentation is caused by the growth of micro-organisms.
- 4. My pasteurization process is applied in milk industrial process.
- 5. I also made significant discoveries in chemistry, most notably on the molecular basis for the asymmetry of certain crystals and racemisation.

Pasteur

GREAT SCIENTISTS

- 1. I was born the 22 September of 1791 in Newington, England. I died at Hampton Court on 25 August 1867, aged 75.
- My inventions of electromagnetic rotary devices formed the foundation of electric motor technology, and it was largely due to his efforts that electricity became practical for use in technology.
- 3. I am most known for my contributions to the understanding of electrochemistry.
 - 4. My two laws are related with that the mass of a substance deposited is proportional to the amount of electricity transferred.
 - 5. Some of my scientists books are: Chemical manipulation, Experimental research in electricity and Experimental research in physic&chemistry.

Michael Faraday

GREAT SCIENTISTS

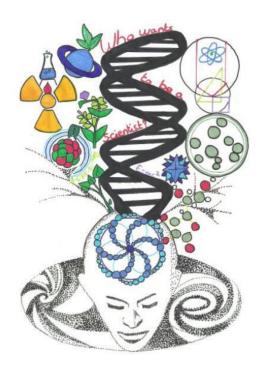
- 1. I was born in Stagira (384 BC) and I died in Euboea (322 BC), Greece.
- 2. I had a beard, short hair, and there aren't many photos of me, mostly statues.
 - 3. I was one of the most important Philosophers with Platon.
- 4. I suggested that the reason for anything coming about can be attributed to four different types of active causal factors: Material cause, formal cause, efficient cause and final cause.
- 5. I gave more importance to the continuous changing in nature in front of the conservance. Transformations from one sort of matter into another take place in a cycle in which only one quality changes in base to the four basic elements fire, earth, water and air.

AltotsinA

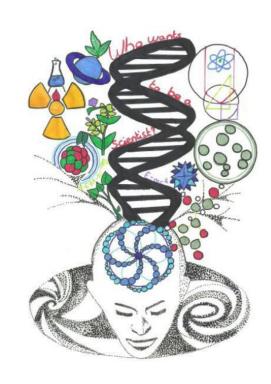
GREAT SCIENTISTS

- 1. I was born in 1856 in Smiljan, Austro-Hungarian Empire and I died in 1943, New York (USA)
 - 2. I studied physics, mechanical engineering and electrical engineering.
- 3. I received the award of gold Elliot Cresson (1894) for the alternating electric currents of high frequency and the award of gold John Scott (1934) for the invention of the magnetic rotating field and for the induction motor.
- 4. I invented the wireless transfer of electric power, the alternating current, the direct energy weapons, the hatches or logical doors, the radio, the fluorescent lamp....
- 5. The airport of Belgrade takes my name

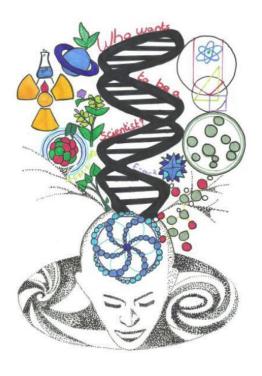
Nicola Tesla

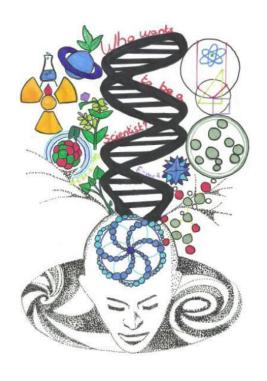


WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS



WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS





- 1. I am a scientific born in the 1856 in England, Manchester. I died in Cambridge, England in 1940.
 - 2. I invented the spectrometer.
- 3. One of my best students was Rutherford
- 4. I won the Nobel Prize of Physic in 1906, because I discovered the electron.
- 5. I considered that atom was composed of electrons. The negative electrons occupied a region of space that itself was a uniform positive charge.

uoswoyI

GREAT SCIENTISTS

- 1. I was born in c. 287 BC in Greece.
- 2. I was an Ancient Greek mathematician, physicist, engineer, inventor and astronomer .
 - 3. I am especially important for my discovery of the relation between the surface and volume of a sphere and its circumscribing cylinder.
- 4. I invented a method for determining the volume of an object with an irregular shape.
- 5. The exclamation 'Eureka!' (I found it) is famously attributed to me .I was stepped into a bath and noticed that the water level rose whereupon I understood that the volume of water displaced must be equal to the volume of the part of my body I had submerged.

Archimedes

GREAT SCIENTISTS

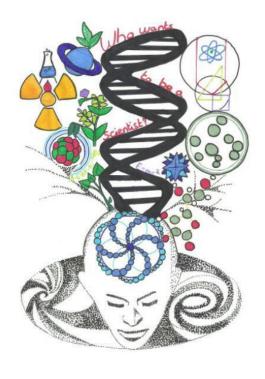
- 1. Was born on April 15, 1452, in Vinci(Italy).
- 2. I was curious person so I studied the laws of science and nature.
 - 3. I worked as a painter, sculptor, architect, inventor and military engineer. But I am most famous for my work as an artist.
- 4. I was a leading artist and intellectual of the Italian Renaissance
 - 5. My famous paint is The Mona Lisa(Gioconda).

GREAT SCIENTISTS

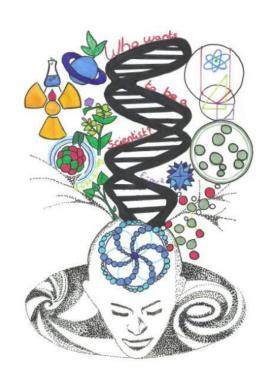
- 1. I was born in Clermont-Ferrand (France) in 1623 and I died in Paris in 1662.
 - 2. I was an important mathematician, physicist, inventor, writer and Christian philosopher.
 - 3. I made important contributions to the study of fluids in order to clarified the concepts of pressure and vacuum. I invented the hydraulic press.
 - 4. I defended the scientific method.
 - 5. In maths my contribution is a peculiar triangle. My book Traité du triangle arithmétique of 1653 described a convenient tabular presentation for binomial coefficients.

Leonardo Da Vinci

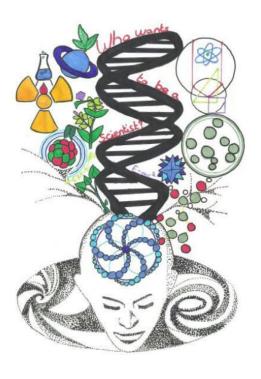
Pascal

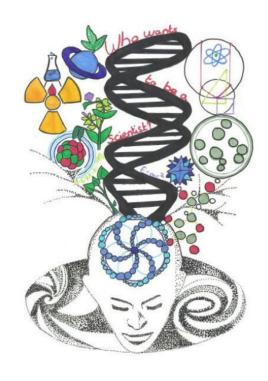


WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS



WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS





- 1. I was born in Paris, France (26 August 1743) and I died in Paris (8 May 1794).
- 2. I was a French nobleman and chemist central to the 18th-century chemical. revolution and I had a large influence on both the history of chemistry and the history of biology.
- 3. I studied which is the role of oxygen in combustion reactions.
- 4. I helped to construct the metric system and I wrote the first extensive list of chemical elements.
 - 5. I was considered the father of the scientist methods.

Lavoisier

GREAT SCIENTISTS

CLUE 1

CLUE 2

CLUE 3

CLUE 4

CLUE 5

SOLUTION

GREAT SCIENTISTS

CLUE 1

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GREAT SCIENTISTS

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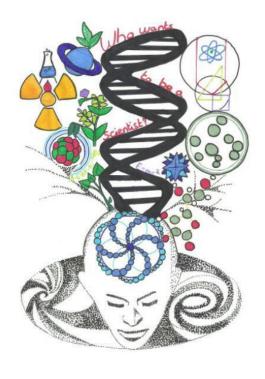
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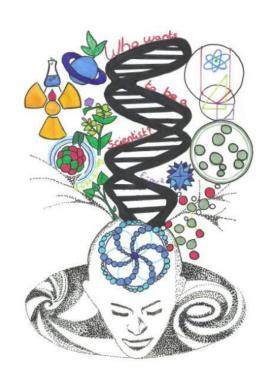
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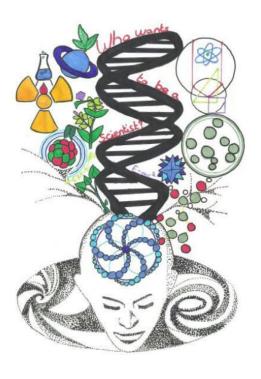
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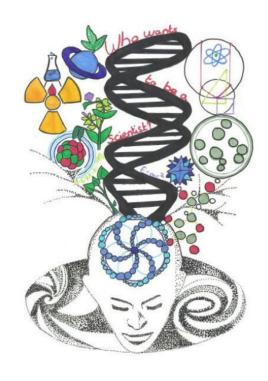


WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS



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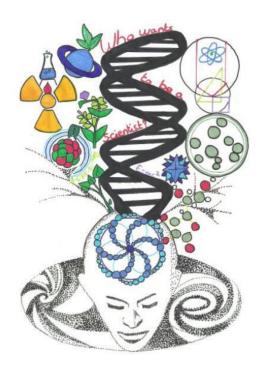
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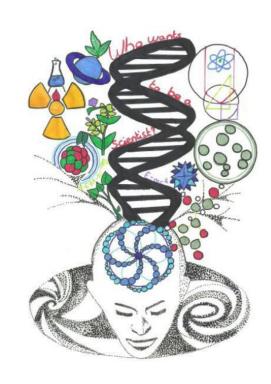
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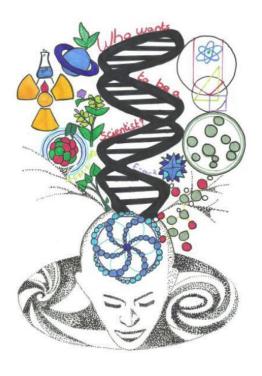
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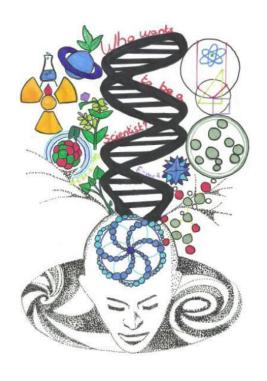


WHO WANTS TO BE A SCIENTIST GREAT SCIENTISTS



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GREAT SCIENTISTS

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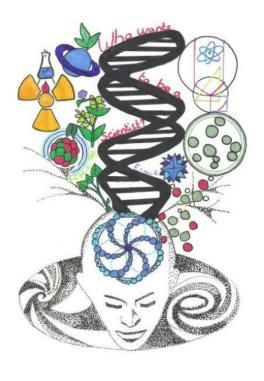
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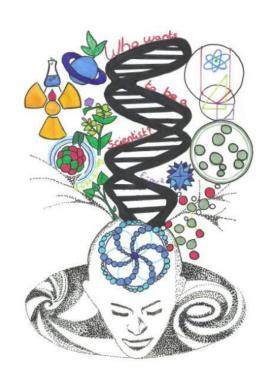
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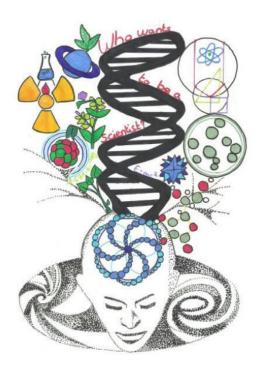
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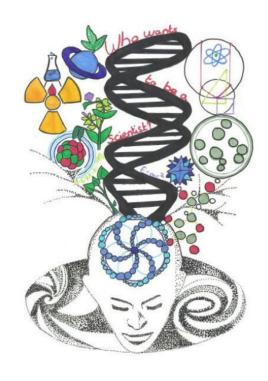


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