



Cancer: From Basic Research to Life Style and Therapy

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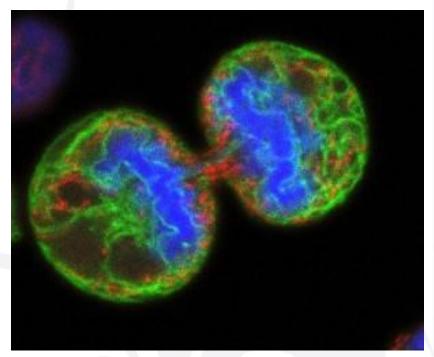






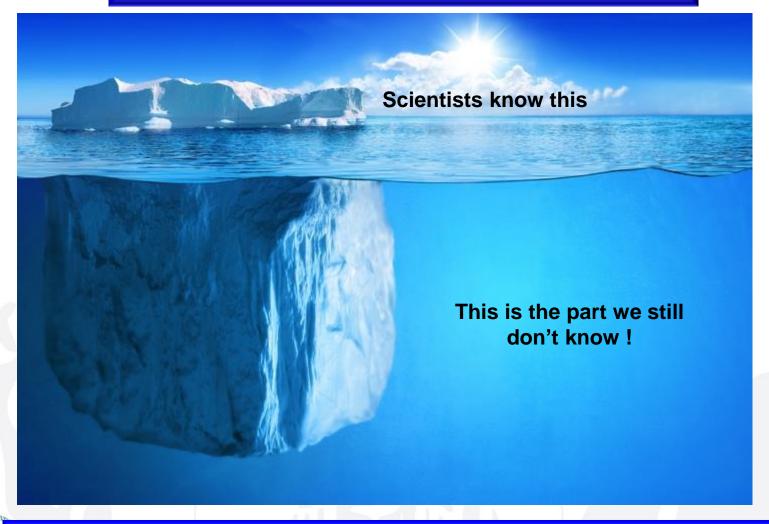
What is cancer?

- All cancers derive from single cells that have acquired the characteristics of continually dividing in an unrestrained manner and invading surrounding tissues.
- Cancer cells behave in this abnormal manner because of changes in the DNA sequence of key genes, which are known as cancer genes. Therefore all cancers are genetic diseases.



Human melanoma cell undergoing cell division Credit: Paul Smith & Rachel Errington, Wellcome Images

Cancer is an iceberg!





Cancer progression

Mutations in multiple cancer genes are required for the development and progression of a single cancer



Benign Tumour

In situ cancer

Invasive cancer

Metastatic cancer



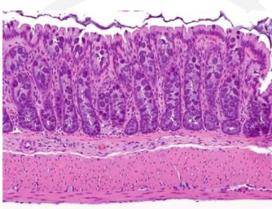
COLON CANCER PROGRESSION

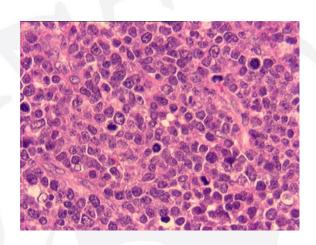




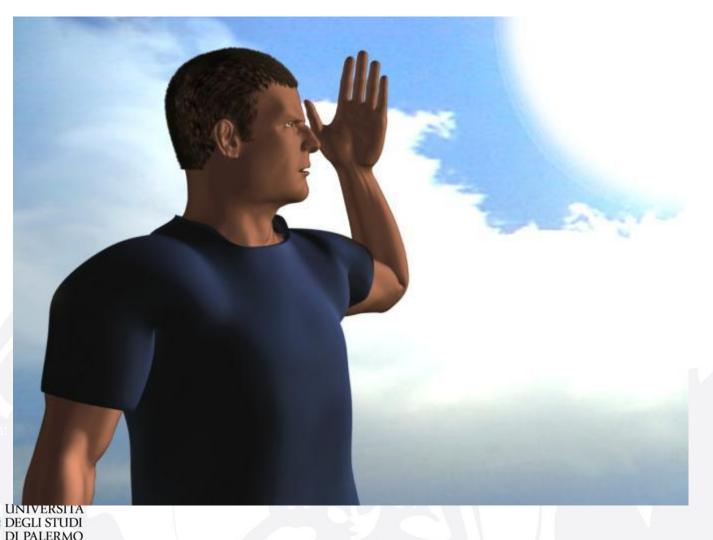








External causes of cancer: ultraviolet radiation



External causes of cancer: tobacco smoke





External causes of cancer:

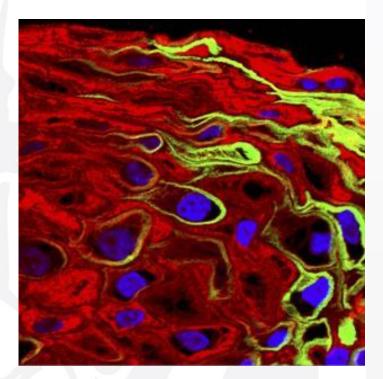
Lifestyle factor: diet





Biological factor: virus

- Human Papilloma Virus is a cause of cervical cancer
- Proteins from the virus activate and deactivate cancer genes
- The role of HPV in cervical cancer has led to the development of vaccines

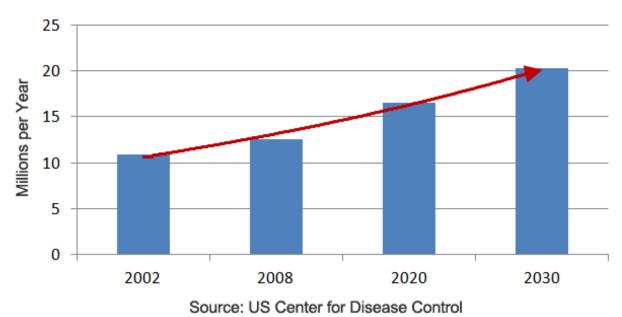


HPV in cervical epithelium Credit: MRC NIMR, Wellcome Images



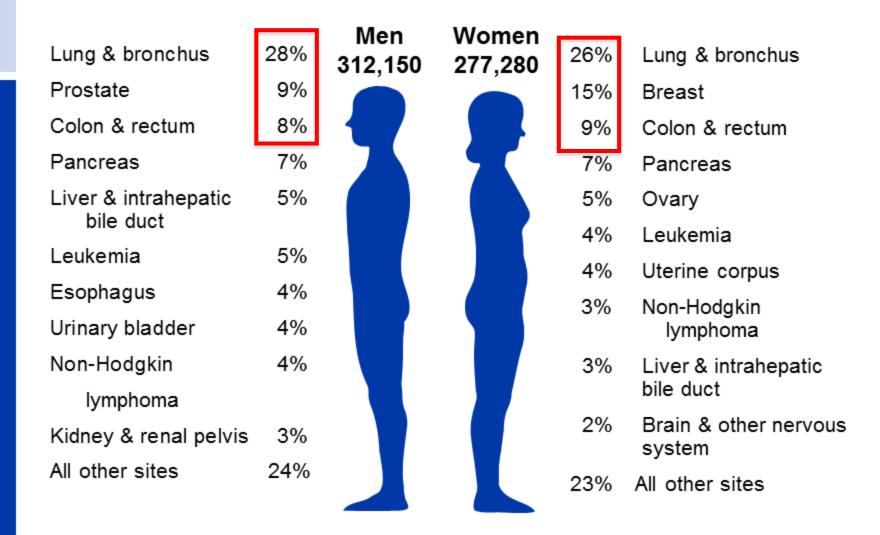
According to World Health Organization, every year more than 10 millions of people get cancer !!!

Incidence of New Cancers Worldwide Will DOUBLE Between 2002 and 2030





Estimated Cancer Deaths in the US in 2015



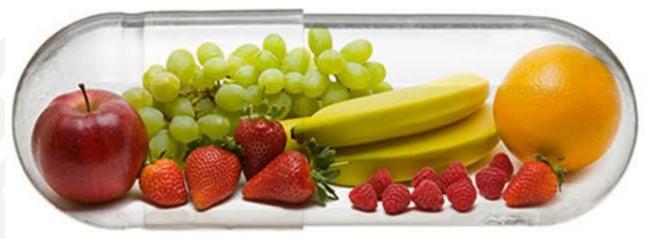
Around 50% of total cancers occur in three organs.....WHY ?????







May foods help to prevent Cancer?





What's free radicals?

I'LL DO IT MAN...I'LL FREAKIN DO IT



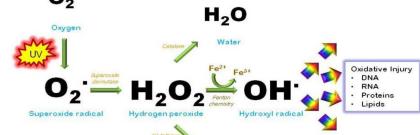
RADICAL EQUATIONS A DANGER TO SOCIETY

MILDLYHOTPEPPERS.COM - ANTHONY CHEN

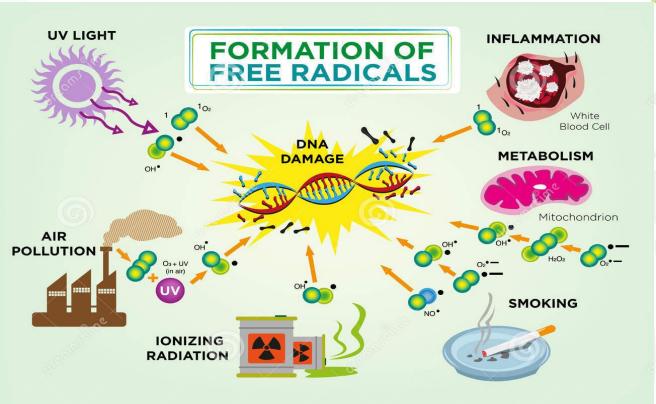


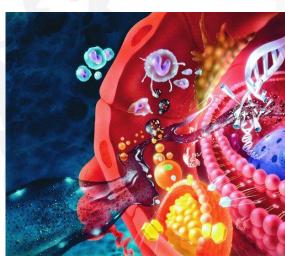
Whats free radicals?

Very unstable compounds



H₂O





ANTIOXIDANTS

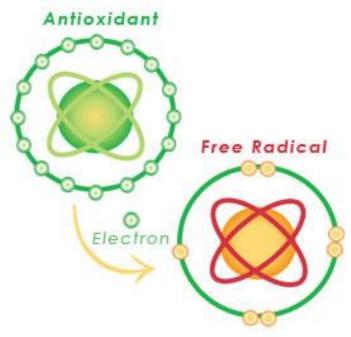




VITAMIN C-VITAMIN E



TRANS-RESVERATROL

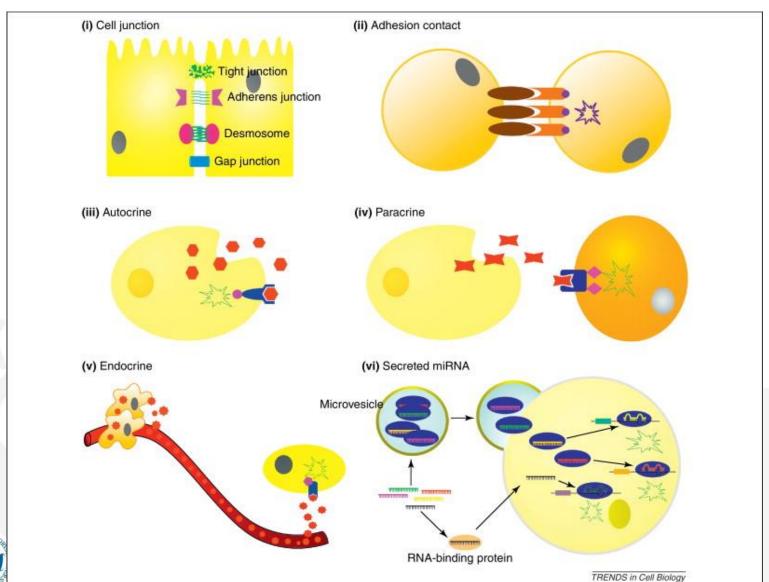


NANOVESICLES IN LEMMON JUICE





CELL-CELL COMMUNICATION





Chen et al. Trends in Cell Biology 2012



Receptor-mediated Endocytosis of Transferrin and Recycling of the Transferrin Receptor in Rat Reticulocytes

CLIFFORD HARDING, JOHN HEUSER, and PHILIP STAHL Department of Physiology and Biophysics, Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis, Missouri 63110

Figure 1. Exocytosis of MVEs releases exosomes containing transferrin receptor. [left] View of an MVE from a fixed reticulocyte sparsely labeled with AuTf. The apparent fusion of the MVE and the plasma membrane may represent incipient MVE exocytosis. Bar, 100 nm. (right) View of MVE exocytosis in a reticulocyte labeled with AuTf, quick frozen without prior fixation, and freeze substituted. Bar, 200 nm. Figure and legend adapted from Harding et al. (1983).

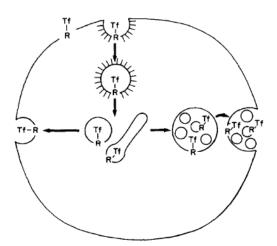
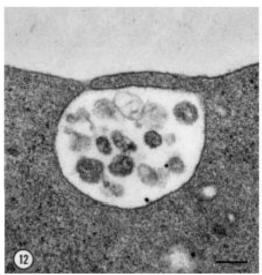
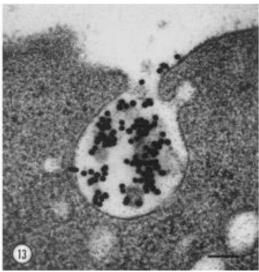


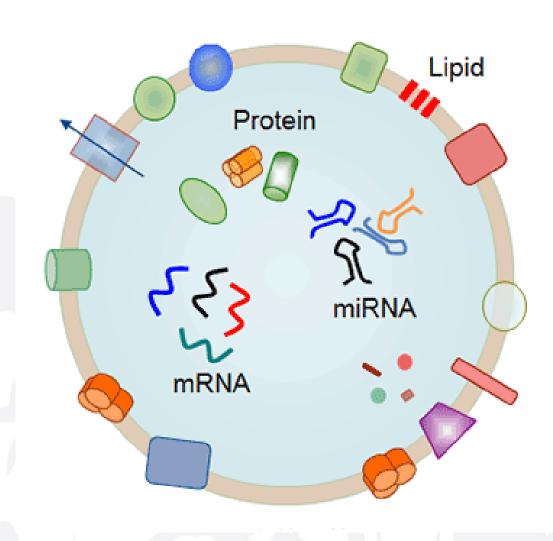
FIGURE 22 Possible routes of transferrin processing in reticulocytes. Transferrin is internalized via coated pits and vesicles. It rapidly appears inside small vesicles and tubules in the reticulocyte cytoplasm; subsequently it is transferred to MVE. Recycling appears to occur from MVE, but transferrin may also recycle directly from small vesicles or tubules to the cell surface.





Harding et al., J Cell Biol. 1983

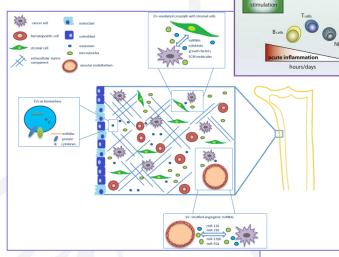
EXOSOMES ARE CARRIER OF INFORMATION





Exosomes in health

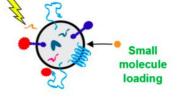
Exosomes in disease



Exosomes as therapeutic agents

Ex vivo Exosome Modification

Introduction of exogenous nucleic acids, e.g. via electroporation



NANOVESICLES FROM PLANTS

Grape Exosome-like Nanoparticles Induce Intestinal Stem Cells and Protect Mice From DSS-Induced Colitis



Songwen Ju², Jingyao Mu², Terje Dokland³, Xiaoying Zhuang², Qilong Wang², Hong Jiang², Xiaoyu Xiang², Zhong-Bin Deng², Baomei Wang², Lifeng Zhang², Mary Roth⁵, Ruth Welti⁵, James Mobley⁴, Yan Jun², Donald Miller² and Huang-Ge Zhang^{1,2}



Grapefruit-derived Nanovectors Delivering Therapeutic miR17 Through an Intranasal Route Inhibit Brain Tumor Progression

Xiaoying Zhuang¹, Yun Teng¹, Abhilash Samykutty¹, Jingyao Mu¹, Zhongbin Deng¹, Lifeng Zhang¹, Pengxiao Cao¹, Yuan Rong¹, Jun Yan¹, Donald Miller¹ and Huang-Ge Zhang^{1,2}

NANOVESICLES IN LEMMON JUICE

www.impactjournals.com/oncotarget/

Oncotarget, Advance Publications 2015

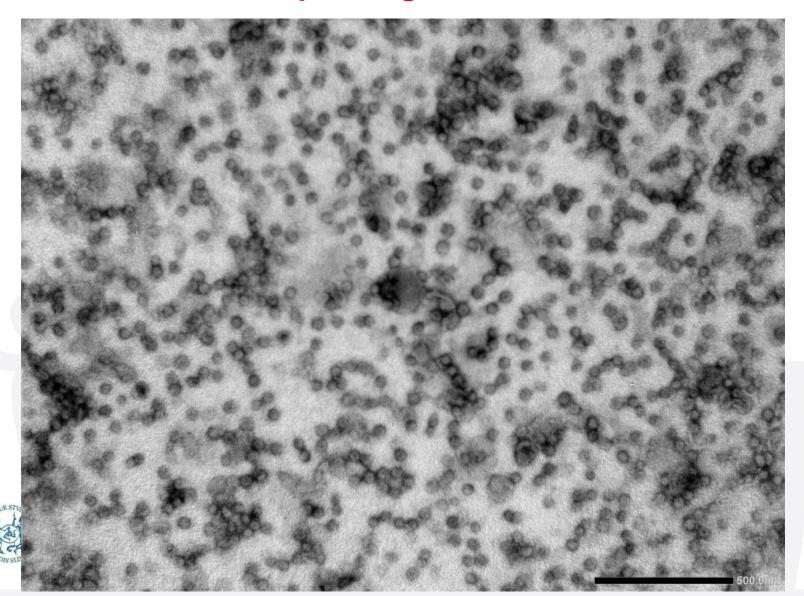
Citrus limon-derived nanovesicles inhibit cancer cell proliferation and suppress CML xenograft growth by inducing TRAIL-mediated cell death

Stefania Raimondo¹, Flores Naselli¹, Simona Fontana¹, Francesca Monteleone¹, Alessia Lo Dico¹, Laura Saieva¹, Giovanni Zito², Anna Flugy¹, Mauro Manno³, Maria Antonietta Di Bella¹, Giacomo De Leo¹, Riccardo Alessandro¹

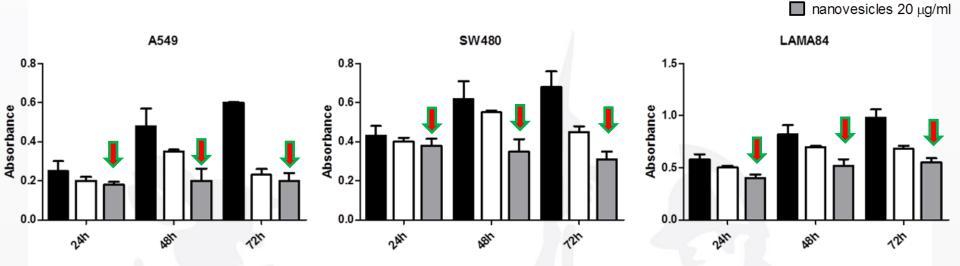




Electron Microscope Image of Lemon nanovesicles



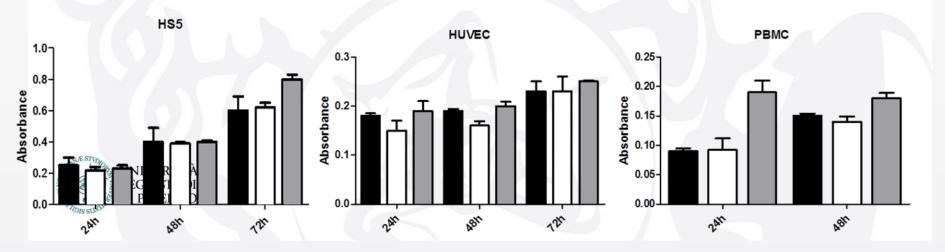
Inhibition of tumor cell growth



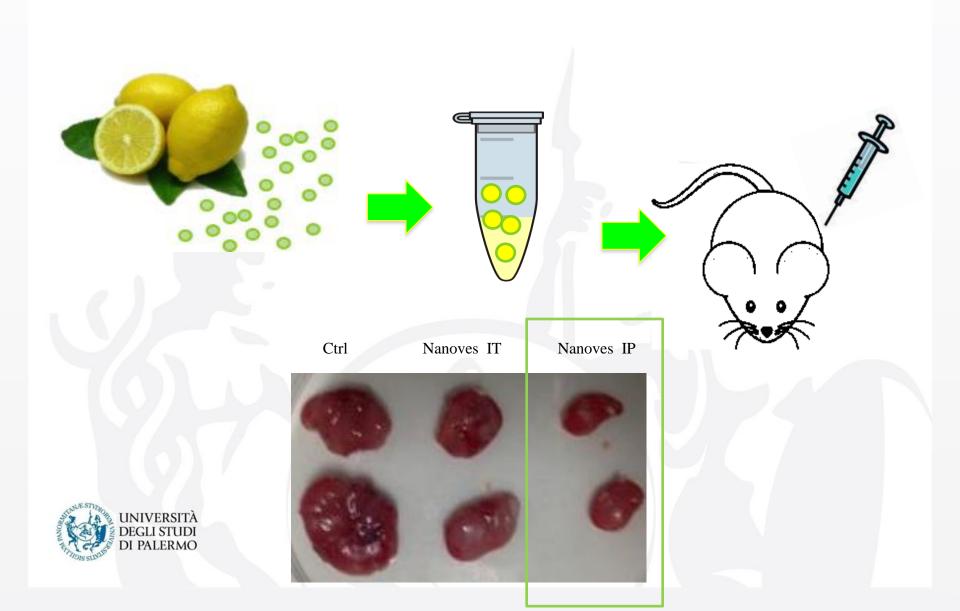
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nanovesicles 5 μg/ml

...but not of normal cells....



Effect of lemmon nanovesicles in a in vivo model of leukemia



From the laboratory to the business idea







100% nutraceutical









Dipartimento di Biopatologia e Biotecnologie Mediche





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