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# HISTORY AND LITERATURE HEURITAGE

<https://youtu.be/gWIGaGi1Ma0>

## Greater Poland

It is one of the oldest region in whole Poland. In that place began the proces of creating Polish country by Piasts. That's why Greater Poland was the mainstay of Polishness while nazi occupation.

### - Legends

One of the most popular Greater Polands legends are for example a legend about Poznań billy goats and a legend about a treasure in Lubonia.

## Poznań

Poznań is a capital city and also the most popular Greater Polands city. You can visit many interesting places and monuments. For example an Old Square which attracts many tourists. Every day at 12:00 (am. and pm.) you can see there two goats knocking. Other very famous place in Poznań are International Poznan Trades. They are the biggest and the oldest exhibition center in Poland. You can there many interesting sports cars, buy books and help people in need.

### - The history of Poznań

Poznań is one of the first cities, which appeared on Polish lands.

In 1918 an uprising in Greater Poland during which fighting people took over the Poznań province except for northern and southern outskirts.

## Adam Mickiewicz

1. He was born on 24th December 1798 in Nowogródek.
2. He founded a „Society of Philomator“ which amidet to educate polish students himself.
3. He wrote the ballad „Romantyczność“, which was the beginning of the new era in Poland - Romanticism.
4. After the failed November Uprising in 1830/31 many Poles (including Mickiewicz) moved to Paris. The emigration of the polish population in the first half 19th century was called Great Emigration.
5. Adam Mickiewicz is one of the three national fortune tellers.
6. He wrote national Epopeche „Pan Tadeusz“.
7. He died in 1855.

## Śmielów

1. This is a village in the Greater Poland.
2. It's connected from the Adam Mickiewicz Museum.
3. Mickiewicz stayed there in 1831 r.
4. Some rooms are dedicated to the characters of his works.

authors: Malwina Szejko and Joanna Lewicka

### Feliks Barabański

1. He was a Polish painter and drawer.
2. He was painter during the coronation of Queen Elizabeth II on June 1953.

[https://youtu.be/baONkmZ\\_N0](https://youtu.be/baONkmZ_N0)

<https://youtu.be/Rjd3uChxStM>



Adam Michewicz

### Jerzy Topolski

1. He was a Polish historian specializing in the fields of economic and social history, and the history of creation.
2. He founded a methodological centre in Poznań.
3. He worked as Deputy Director at Adam Michewicz University in Poznań.

<https://youtu.be/g44F00CWGS0>

### Jan Konstanty Zupański

He was born in 1804 and died in 1883. He was a Polish bookseller and publisher. He finished Maria Magdalenas high school and law studies in Berlin. At first he translated German economic books but next opened his own bookstore. Soon however, he developed his publishing activity.

<https://youtu.be/RXWnUlxfvA>



### Malgorzata Musierow

She was born in 1945. She is an author of "Jezycejada" - famous series of books in which the action take place in Poznań. She finished the 7th highschool in Poznań and Painting and State Graphics Department. Interestingly, the illustrations for her books were made on her own.

- ### Henryk Łowmiański
1. He was Polish historian and builder of the People's Republic of Poland.
  2. He got the Order of the Officer's Cross of the Revival of Poland, the Order of the Banner of Labour.

<https://youtu.be/S4kA-7AdMks>

<https://youtu.be/VL9Pfo-Akq0>



# Poznań

Poznań is one of the oldest and largest cities in Poland, it is the historic capital of Greater Poland, where the Polish country was born many years ago. Its origins date back to the 9th century. In the 10th century, Poznań was one of the most important settlements of Mieszko I.

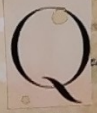
<https://youtu.be/3bhOi4JeYRk>

One of the most famous writers in our region is Małgorzata Musierowicz - author of a series called 'Jeżycjada', whose action takes place in one of the districts of Poznań - Jeżyce. There are also important historians, like Henryk Łowmiański or Jerzy Topolski

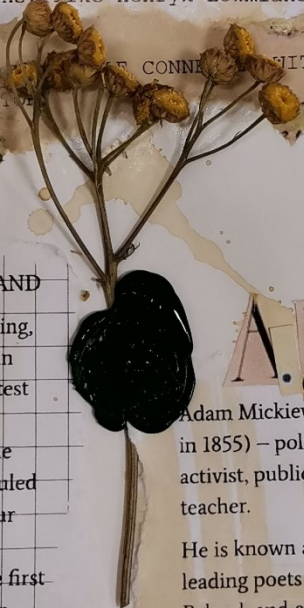
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## HISTORY OF GREATER POLAND

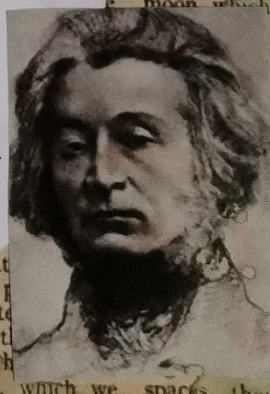
When the 10th century was ending, Mieszko I took over the power in Poland. He was one of the greatest people in the whole history of Poland. In a couple of decades he had built a strong country. He ruled in Greater Poland, a region of our country. He decided to build a magnificent stone castle and the first cathedral ever in Poznań. His son, Bolesław Chrobry, also lived in that area while he ruled the country.

# HISTORY

## A. Mickiewicz

Adam Mickiewicz (born in 1798, died in 1855) - Polish writer, political activist, publicist, translator, academic teacher.

He is known as one of the three leading poets of romanticism in Poland, and even for one of the greatest poets in Europe. He was a member and founder of the Philomathic Society. While he was staying in Paris, he was a lecturer in Collège de France. One of his well known works are 'Pan Tadeusz' and 'Dziady'. Nowadays, he has his own museum in the Polish city Śmielowo.



WORLD THAT WE KNOW BETTER  
WE KNOW AFRICA

Of course, we should like to see the other side of the moon, but we are quite sure that if we could it would be very much the same as the side we see. We have now mapped the visible half of the moon very accurately with drawings and photographs. Sir Robert Ball has said, "astronomers know the surface of the moon better than geographers know the interior of Africa. Every spot on the face of the moon which is as large as an ant has been mapped, and important objects have been identified. Of the other half of the moon, when we look at a map or when we look at the moon through a telescope, we do not see the face we all know. We see at once what the appearance of a face on the moon's surface is richly varied. The largest of these features, which are the craters, are visible with our naked eyes, though they contain no...

course, that the earth is a planet, but not quite round the earth in days and a the real month, which we spaces, though they contain no...