## Divertical - Mirabilandia measures

The following graphics represent the $1^{\text {st }}$ part of the path of the Divertical, which includes the first fall and the following climb.



As you can see, there are 2 different points during which there is a great acceleration:

- the first ( $\mathrm{t}=$ about 25 s ) corresponds to the point where the path is a circumference arc and centripetal acceleration starts acting
- the second ( $\mathrm{t}=$ about 45 s ) corresponds to the point where the train touches the water and starts slowing down cause of the friction force and the crash with the water which, to be moved, needs a great energy.

