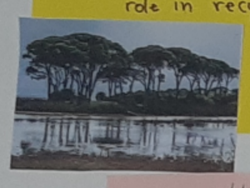
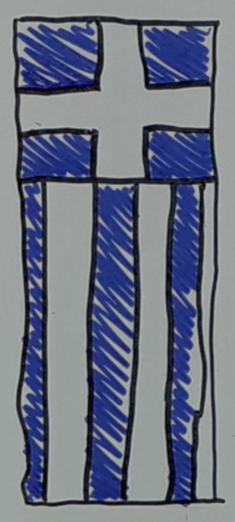
In the northwestern part of the protected area is the famous forest of Strofilia which is the most extensive pine forest in all of Greece and one of the largest in Europe. The forest of Strofilia consists of three dominant tree spieces, the pine cone, the Aleppo pine occupies the largest area and occurs purely mainly along the sandy beach and dunes, while in the inner parts of the forest mixed clusters are formed with the predominant species the pine cone. In the forest of Strofilia find shelter terrestrial turtles, foxes, weasles, arboreal and many birds such as the cuckoo, the dwarf owl, the leafhoppers and even, the living and dead wood of the trees is a small habitaat for a variety of insects and mushrooms that play an important role in recycling of matter of the forest.

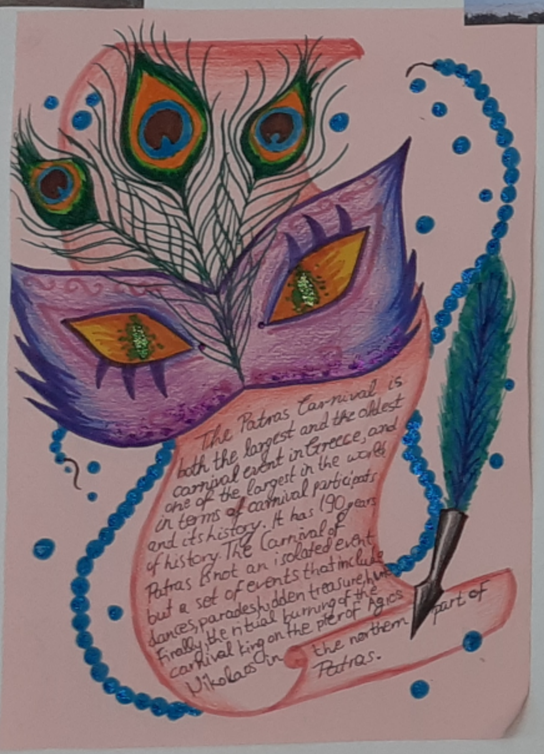


THIS IS GREECE ♥



2021

The "Apollo" theater is located in Patras, in the center of the city, on the northeastern side of George I Square and was built in 1872 to designs by the great German architect Ernesto Ziller. The capacity of the theater is 238 people. The Apollo Theater was founded on February 11, 1871 and its construction was completed on October 10, 1872.

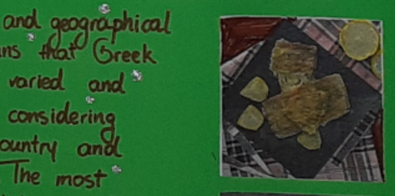


FOR LIFE

- **Which is the etymology of the world culture?**
  - from Latin colo ("till, cultivate, worship")
- **Who contributed to the expansion of the greek culture?**
  - Homer, Socrates, Aristotelis, Heraclitus, Adamadios Korais, Aristofanis Foreos, Karantzalis
- **Do you know what greeks used to do in Delphi?**
  - They used to ask Pythia about their future. The way they did it was by asking one of the priests questions and then they would ask them to Pythia, who would give complicated answers.
- **Where are bastions of greek culture located near Kato Achaia?**
  - Church of Saint Andreas in Patras
  - Ancient Olympia
  - Delphi
  - The Walls of Dyme
  - Castle of Patras

The Dymaion Wall was built in the late Neolithic period and remained in use until the Venetian occupation. It was used again in 1943 by the Italian and German occupation forces who tore down part of the walls to open entrances for cars and vehicles and to build machine guns. It is located about 35 km away from Patras and is built on the cape of Araxos, in the Black Mountains. The Walls of the castle were cyclopean, were 200 meters long, 10 meters high and 5 meters thick. The Wall of Dyma is still preserved today.

Greek Cuisine

Cultural and geographical variety means that Greek cuisine is varied and expansive, considering size of country and population. The most popular dishes and beverages are:

- Feta
- Kalavrita
- Yoghurt
- Gyros
- Moussaka
- Saganaki
- Tedura
- Mavrodafni