**Results of the questionnaire after the activity 1 European History of Learning**

1. Rate your knowledge about the history of teaching and learning in your country.

2. Can you name any important events in the history of education in your country?

2.1 If your answer was Yes, please name those events.

25 de Abril

No

26.10 Nationalfeiertag

Jules ferry

Jules ferrys laws

Ecole gratuite

School free

L ecole gratuite et obligatoire

Jules Ferry rend l'école gratuite et obligatoire

No

The different laws related to education like EVAU or PAU.

Francisco Ginés de los Ríos

The arrival of women in education.

I don´t know

Maria Theresa, Neue Mittelschulen

Neue Mittelschule und Matura Einführung

New Middle School

Maria Theresa. The beginnings of the state schooling system go back to the school reforms made by Empress Maria Theresa in 1774, which provided the foundation for schooling for everyone and for six years of compulsory education.

The beginnings of the state schooling system go back to the school reforms made by Empress Maria Theresa in 1774, which provided the foundation for schooling for everyone and for six years of compulsory education. In 1869 the duration of compulsory education was extended to eight years.

Empress Maria Theresa who made a law, that says you have to go to School for 9 years.

Maria Theresa began to reform the school system

Habsburger

26. Oktober Nationalfeiertag

school reforms by Maria Theresa in 1774, founding of the University of Vienna by Duke Rudolph IV in 1365

The beginning of education 1774

University vienna

School reforms in 1774

frozen the movie

Maria Theresa introduced compulsory education in 1774

Maria Theresia

Revolução 25 de Abril

liberal revolution

The first Portuguese university founded by D.Dinis

The first university founded by D.Dinis

25 april

The first university founded by D. Dinis

April 25

25 of april and the construction of Coimbra´s university

April 25, 1974

battle of Aljubarrota

25 April- Carnation Day

The commission of national education, secret teaching organisation, founding of University in Cracow

* Turkish invasion
* English rule – colony
* Foundation of schools by Church
* Foundation of the University of Cyprus
* Foundation of Pancyprian Gymnasium
* Foundation of the Ministry of Education and Culture
* The law for Compulsory Attendance and Free Education Provision
* introduction of matura (2st)
* mandatory education, 8 years primary school (2 st)
* introduction of mandatory matura and Bologna process (2st)
* laws of Maria Theresia and Leopold, Cyril and Methodius ; Matura, Bologna, mandatory education
* matura, Bologna process, mandatory education
* matura, Bologna process (2st)
* Leopold, Maria Theresia, Napoleon
* Leopold promoted the Zagreb Academy to the level of university
* compulsory education (2st)
* mandatory education
* Bologna, Matura in 2009, mandatory education
* Bologna, Matura, Firsdt university, mandatory school (2st)
* Croatian spring, Bologna, matura, first universities
* Baščanska ploča, Cyril and Methodius, Maria Theresia, Leopold II, Ivan Mažuranić, matura, Bologna
* Bologna process, compulsory education
* Bologna process, compulsory education, university of zadar
* Baščanska ploča, Bologna process

3. Can you name any important people who influenced development of education in your country?

3.1 If your answer was Yes, please name those people.

Maria Theresa

Maria Theresia

No

Charlemagne

Charlemagnes

Jules ferry

Camões

Charlemagne

Jules ferri, charlemagne

Juan Negrín.

José Marina y Menéndez-Pelayo

Felipe González

Rajoy

I don´t know

Maria Theresa, Otto Glöckl

Maria Theresia, Otto Göckl

Empress Maria Theresa

Mozart

Maria Theresa, Otto Glöckel

Me, myself and I

Fernando Pessoa

D. Dinis I

Salazar

Marquês de Pombal

D.Dinis and Marquis of Pombal

King D.Dinis

Marques de pombal

D. Dinis

Fernando Pessoa, D. Denis.

King D. Dinis

D. Dinis

Vasco da Gama

D.Dinis

Hugo Kołłątaj, Kzimierz Wielki

* Archbishop Kyprianos
* Archbishop Makarios
* Teachers
* Karlo Veliki, Maria Theresia
* Maria Theresia, Josip Jelačić, Cyril and Methodius, Ivan Mažuranić
* Maria Theresia, Josip Jelačić, Cyrilius and Methodius
* Maria Theresa, Ivan Mažuranić (2st)
* Maria Theresia (3st)
* Maria Theresia, Ivan Mažuranić, Leopold, Cyril and Methodius
* Maria Theresia, Leopold, Ivan Mažuranić, Karlo Veliki
* Maria Theresia, Leopold, Ivan Mažuranić
* Maria Theresia, Leopold, Cyril and Methodius, Raimond of Capua
* Maria Theresia, Cyril and Methodius
* Leopold, Cyril and Methodius
* Napoleon
* Maria Theresia, Leopold, Cyril and Methodius
* Ljudevit Gaj, Karlo Veliki, Ivan Mažuranić, Maria Theresia
* Ljudevit Gaj, Ivan Mažuranić
* Ivan Mažuranić
* Maria Theresia, Leopold II, Ivan Mažuranić, Cyril and Methodius
* Maria Theresia, Leopold, Cyril and Methodius (2st)
* Leopold, Maria Theresia, Karlo Veliki

4. Did you like working on this topic?

5. Did you find this topic interesting?

6. Did you use digital tools and social media to learn about this topic?

7. Do you think digital tools and social media are important to learn?

8. Do you think this activity helped you to improve your way of learning?

9. Do you think this activity developed your sense of initiative?

10. Do you think this activity developed your learning autonomy?