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THE ITALIAN EDUCATION SYSTEM Culture Is Our Wings 2019-1-NL01-KA229-060531



Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



- In Italy Education is compulsory for students aged 6 -16. It is divided into three cycles.
- Kindergarden /nursery school (from 3 to 5 year of age). Not compulsory
- The First Cycle: Primary school (5 years)
- The Second Cycle: Lower secondary school (3 years) Upper secondary school (5 years). Students who want to drop out can only do it after attending the first two years and the school releases a Certificate of the Competences. At the end of the Upper secondary school students take a national exam (diploma).
- The Third Cycle: Higher Education courses (2 years)or University (3+2 years)

ITALIAN SCHOOL STRUCTURE nursery school (scuola dell'infanzia) Age 3-3 primary school (scuola primaria co elementare) Age 6-11 lower secondary school (scuola secondaria di primo grado o media) Age 11-14 upper secondary school

ondaria di secondo grado o superiore Age 14-19 In Italy there are state schools, state-recognized school and private school at each level of the education sytem.

The main language is Italian.

The Ministry of Education is in charge of the first two cycles while Ministry of University and Research handles the third one



Azzolina

Manfredi

Different kinds of Secondary High School

THE ITALIAN SCHOOL SYSTEM



Reforms and Innovation

- Internship is compulsory in the last three years of upper secondary school. (La Buona Scuola 107 Law dated 2015). It is an innovate teaching method and students consolidate the knowledge they acquire at school in a practical field.
- Remote Learning (COVID-19) Ministry decree of March 4th 2020, art. 1: all schools offer students online lessons through online digital tools as a compensatory measure against Covid-19.





THE ITALIAN CONSTITUTION

- Art. 3 "SCHOOL IS OPEN TO EVERYONE..."
- The Italian goverment gives the possibility to those people who are older than 16 and who failed during their education career to acquire a qualification, to join evening classes.
- The Italian government guarantees the right of studying to those students who stay for a long period in hospitals and to prisoners as well.

"This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein."