



How to Play Football

Football can be played wherever there is a ball and sufficient space. Matches played in this way for fun or amateur may have different rules. For professional football, there are some internationally determined standards. Here are the football rules and a step-by-step guide to playing football prepared according to these standards.



1-First of all, there must be two teams and 11 players playing in each team. One of these players is a goalkeeper; others scatter as defenders, midfielders and forwards.

2-The main purpose in football; we can say, to score a goal by putting the soccer ball into the opponent's goal and to try to prevent the opponent from scoring.



3- The team that scores one more goal than the opposing team wins the match. In case of a tie, the match ends in a draw. Matches that end in a draw in cup competitions may go into overtime.

4- The duration of the football match consists of a total of 90 minutes. This time is played in two halves. The times during which the game is stopped during the match are calculated by the referee and are played as plus time.



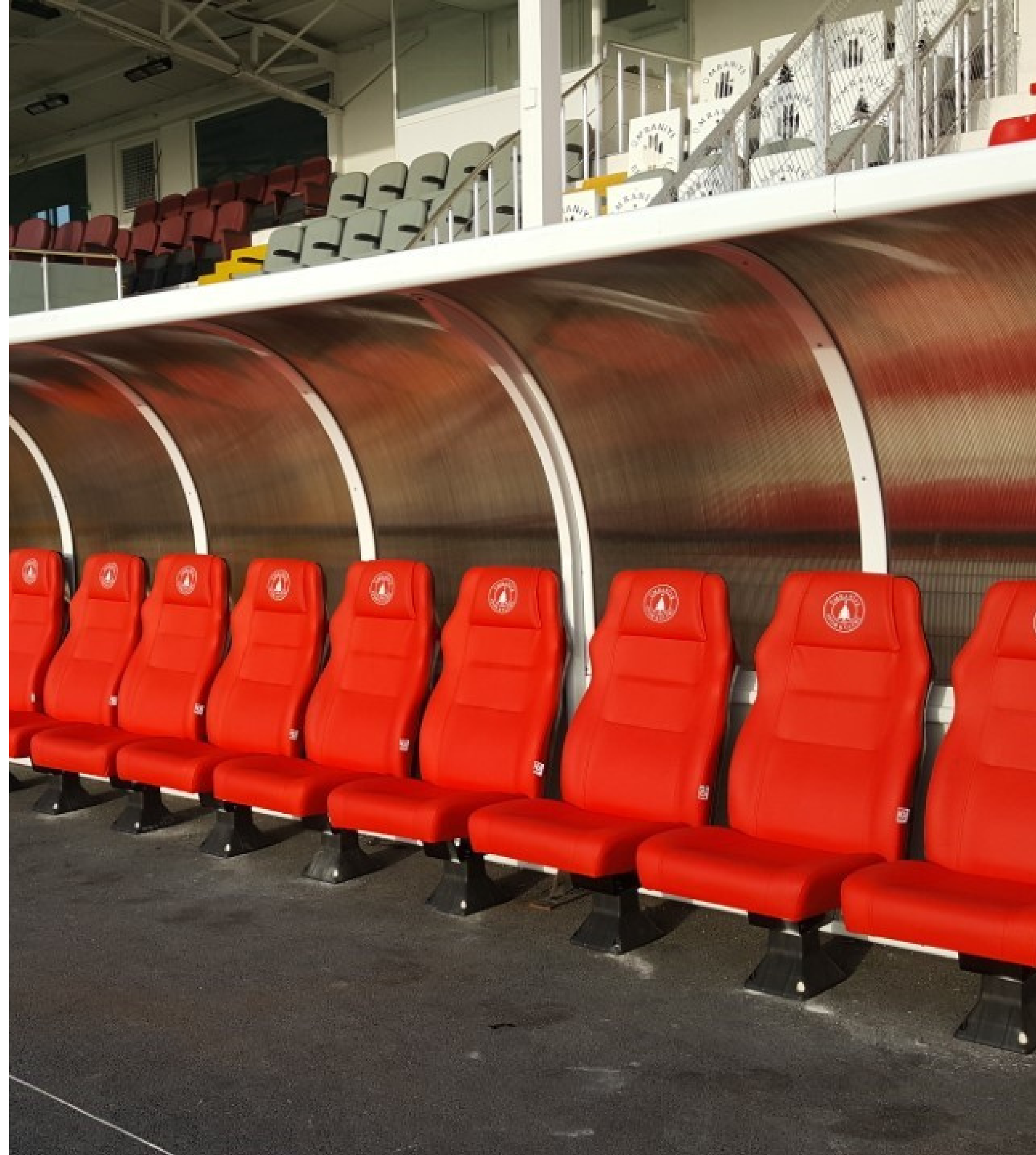
Technical Director

A coach is defined as the manager of the players on and off the field. They determine the team's strategy on the field. They are also interested in the psychology of the players, training or press relations. A good team always has a coach who does his job well.



Substitutes

There is a bench on the sides of the football field. Managers, assistant coaches, interpreters, medical team and substitute players are located here. Players here can enter the field instead of other players in case of injury or in line with the rotation plan. Each team has the right to make changes 3 times in a match. In unofficial matches, the right to change can be increased by notifying the referee in advance.



Referees

There are 4 referees in a football game. These;

It consists of the middle referee, two line referees and a fourth referee. These referees manage the 90 minutes by interfering with violent movements or illegal situations in the match. With the advancement of technology, besides these referees, VAR referees started to take part in the matches. VAR referees; They watch the match outside the green field in a room with live screens of the game. When there are situations that will change the course of the game, they can communicate with the middle referee via the microphone and interfere with the game. The middle referee monitors the position depending on the situation and makes the final decision.



Corner and Crown

The game of football is played within a certain area. The size of the green field where this field is played is determined according to FIFA standards. If the ball goes outside the boundaries of this green field, the game is stopped.

1- A throw-in is used when the ball comes out of the side of the court. Whichever team's player last touched the ball before it went out, the other team hands the ball a throw-in at the green court line.

2- If the ball is out of the lateral borders of the court; Likewise, the opposing team puts the ball into play from the corner of the court, using the foot.



Penalty and Free Kick

A free throw is awarded to the opposing team when an illegal position occurs during the match. For example, in the event of a foul or handball, the referee may blow his whistle for a penalty or free kick.

1- Free kicks are used in positions outside the penalty area. In this case, the opposing player of the team that committed the illegal act shall attempt a free throw from the area where the illegal behavior occurred. Players can be found between the ball and the goal during a free kick.

2-Penalty is used for interventions made inside the penalty area. During this shot, there is no player between the goalkeeper and the ball. During the use of the penalty kick, the goalkeeper must have at least one foot on the goal line.



Offside

When a team is attacking; During a pass to the frontmost player, if the leading player is closer to the opponent's goal than the ball and the second last player, this position is considered offside. In offside positions, the whistle blows, the referee raises his flag and the game stops. The ball passes to the opposing team. The purpose of this rule is thought to be to increase the viewing pleasure of the game by preventing the easy way of scoring a goal.



Fouls and Cards

Interventions made to opposing team players during the game are considered fouls. If the interference is made by touching the ball before the opposing player, it may not be a foul.

Fouls committed in football are punishable. Hard interventions are punished with a yellow card, also at the discretion of the referee. A player who receives two yellow cards in a match is ejected from the game. Harder tackles result in a direct red card, i.e. expulsion. Players who receive a red card or a total of 4 yellow cards in separate matches will be excluded from the squad in the next match. Insulting, abusive or violent behavior towards another player or referee during the match may also be grounds for dismissal.



VAR (Video Referee Application)

The VAR application is a technology that entered football in 2018. This application is a communication system used in cases where the referee hesitates during the match or in positions where the players object heavily. Var room referees watch the match live and assist the home referee in uncertain positions. This application is subject to many criticisms because it slows down the fluency of the game.



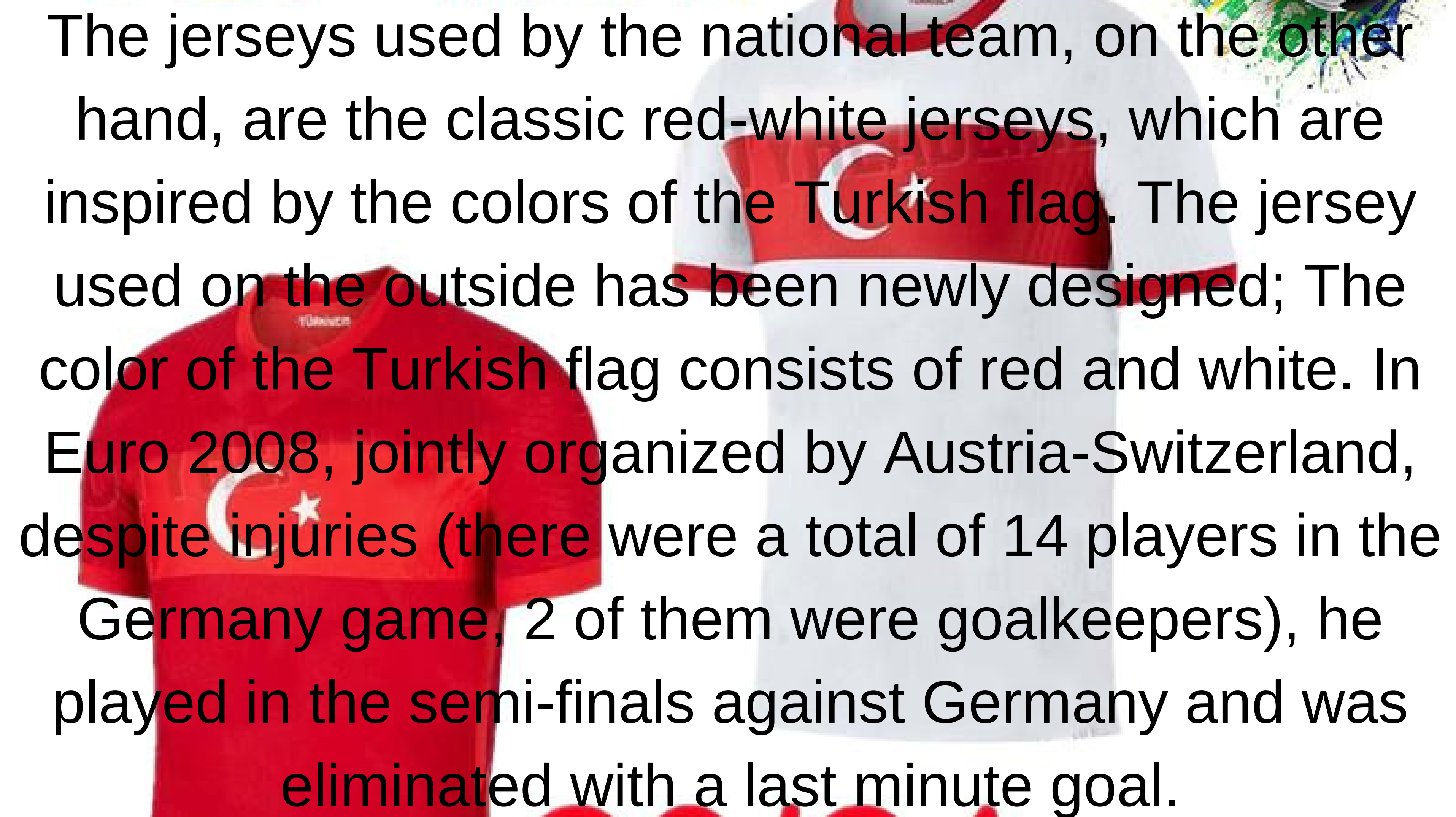
Turkey national football team

It is the football team that represents Turkey in international tournaments and matches. The team that played its first match on October 26, 1923; FIFA World Cup has been qualified 3 times, in 1950, 1954 and 2002; however, he could not participate in the 1950 FIFA World Cup due to financial problems.



The Turkish national team participates in the national matches from the European qualifiers. Third place in 2002 FIFA World Cup under Şenol Güneş, third place in 2008 European Football Championship under Fatih Terim is his greatest achievement in history, and third place in 2003 FIFA Confederations Cup with his rejuvenated staff under the management of Şenol Güneş (2002 World Cup 2nd place was replaced when Germany did not participate. invited)*. In the Turkish national team, which has been successful in participating in the FIFA World Cup 2 times in its history, Rüştü Reçber wore the most jersey 120 times in terms of the Armenia match, and Hakan Şükür scored the most goals under the national jersey with 51 times.



The image shows two soccer jerseys. In the foreground, a red jersey is visible, featuring a white crescent moon and star emblem on the chest. In the background, a white jersey is visible, also featuring the same emblem. The text is overlaid on the image, describing the jerseys and the team's performance in the Euro 2008 tournament.

The jerseys used by the national team, on the other hand, are the classic red-white jerseys, which are inspired by the colors of the Turkish flag. The jersey used on the outside has been newly designed; The color of the Turkish flag consists of red and white. In Euro 2008, jointly organized by Austria-Switzerland, despite injuries (there were a total of 14 players in the Germany game, 2 of them were goalkeepers), he played in the semi-finals against Germany and was eliminated with a last minute goal.