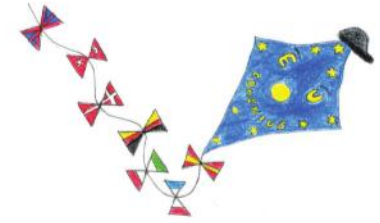


# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Arda Turan (1987)** played football for Galatasaray from 2000 to 2011. He was transferred to Atletico Madrid in 2011 and won "La Liga, Spanish Super Cup, Spanish Copa del Rey, UEFA Super Cup and UEFA European League" with this club. He has been voted "The Best Footballer in Turkey and The Best Turkish Footballer in Europe" many times.

**Arda Turan (1987)**, 2000-2011 yılları arasında Galatasaray'da oynadı. 2011'de Atletico Madrid'e transfer oldu ve bu kulüpte "La Liga, İspanya Kral Kupası, İspanya Süper Kupası, UEFA Süper Kupası ve UEFA Avrupa Ligi"ni kazandı. Bir çok kez, "Türkiye'de yılın futbolcusu ve Avrupa'da oynayan en iyi Türk futbolcu" ödülünü aldı.



**Caroline Wozniacki** was born in 1990. She is a Danish tennis player who in the women's singles have reached the top ranking position for a Dane of all time when she in 2010 reaching number one on the WTA Tour.

**Caroline Wozniacki** er født i 1990. Hun er en dansk tennisspiller, som i kvindernes single har opnået den bedste ranglisteplassering for en dansker gennem tiderne, da hun i 2010 nåede førstepladsen på WTA Touren.



**Federica Pellegrini (1988)** is a swimmer. She is the first female Olympic champion in the history of Italian swimming; she is also the only Italian swimmer to have set world records in more than one event.

**Federica Pellegrini (1988)** è una nuotatrice. E' stata la prima donna a vincere le Olimpiadi nella storia del nuoto italiano; è stata anche l'unica nuotatrice italiana ad aver stabilito record mondiali in più di un evento.



**Marc Márquez (1993)** He is a Spanish motorcycle driver who at only 21 years of age is already a two-time champion of the GP Motorcycle World Championships. He won in both 2013 and 2014.

**Marc Márquez (1993)** Es un piloto del motociclismo español que con sólo 21 años ya es bicampeón del campeonato del mundo de moto GP. Ganó sus premios en 2013 y 2014.



**Lewis Carl Davidson Hamilton, MBE** (born 7 January 1985) is a British Formula One racing driver from England. He is the 2008 and 2014 Formula One World Champion. Hamilton was born in Stevenage, Hertfordshire. After winning the British Formula Renault, Formula Three Euroseries, and GP2 championships on his way up the racing career ladder, he drove for McLaren in 2007, making his Formula One debut 12 years after his initial encounter with Dennis.



**Dirk Nowitzki:** He plays basketball in the NBA and is the best German player at this team sport.

**Dirk Nowitzki:** Er spielt Basketball in der NBA und ist der beste deutsche Spieler in dieser Sportart.



**Renaud Lavillenie (1986)** He is a French pole vaulter. He is the current world-record holder, with a height of 6.16 metres set indoors on 15 February 2014. He won the gold medal at the 2012 Olympics.

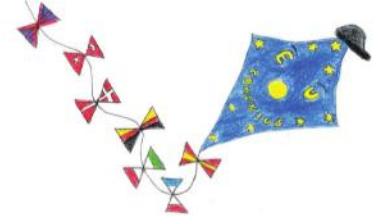
**Renaud Lavillenie (1986)** Il est un perchiste français. Il est le détenteur du record du monde actuel, avec une hauteur de 6,16 mètres fixés en intérieur le 15 Février 2014. Il a remporté la médaille d'or aux Jeux olympiques de 2012.

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JANUARY



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



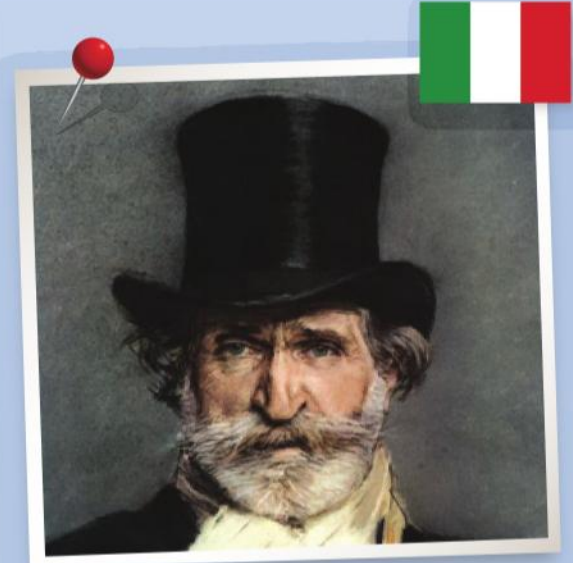
**Saadettin Kaynak (1895-1961)** was one of the most famous Turkish composers. He composed his first song "Hicran-ı elem" in 1926. He composed 330 well-known songs; such as, "Çile bülbülüm çile", "Ayrılık yaman kelime", "Deli gönül gezer gezer gelirsin", "Ağla gözlerim ağla" and "Telli turnam".

**Saadettin Kaynak (1895-1961)**, en ünlü Türk bestekarlarından biridir. 1926 yılında ilk bestesi olan "Hicran-ı elem"i yapmıştır. "Çile bülbülüm çile", "Ayrılık yaman kelime", "Deli gönül gezer gezer gelirsin", "Ağla gözlerim ağla" ve "Telli turnam" gibi 330 tane ünlü eser bestelemiştir.



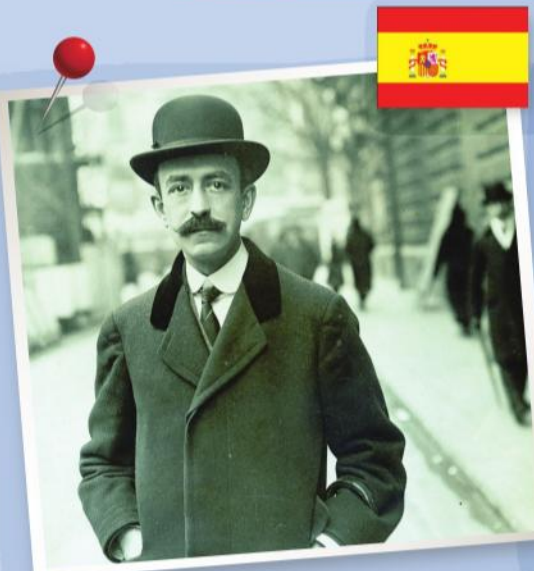
**Carl August Nielsen (1865-1931)**  
He was composer and conductor. He wrote six symphonies, three concerts for HHV, violin, flute, clarinet and orchestra, the operas, six string quartets and other chamber music and several hundred songs and other vocal works.

**Carl August Nielsen (1865-1931)**  
Han var en dansk komponist og dirigent. Han skrev seks symfonier, tre koncerter for hhv. violin, fløjte, klarinet og orkester, to operaer, seks strygekvartetter og anden kammermusik samt flere hundrede sange og andre vokalværker.



**Giuseppe Verdi (1813 – 1901)** is considered the greatest Italian composer. When he was young, he was very poor and unlucky. He became famous, rich and beloved by the audience only late in life. This artist composed many operas, appreciated all over the world, such as "Aida", "Nabucco" and "Traviata".

**Giuseppe Verdi (1813 – 1901)** è considerato il più grande compositore italiano. Da giovane, Giuseppe Verdi fu poverissimo e molto sfortunato. Solamente in tarda età divenne ricco, famoso e molto amato dal pubblico. Questo artista compose molte opere, apprezzate in tutto il mondo, come l' "Aida", il "Nabucco" o la "Traviata".

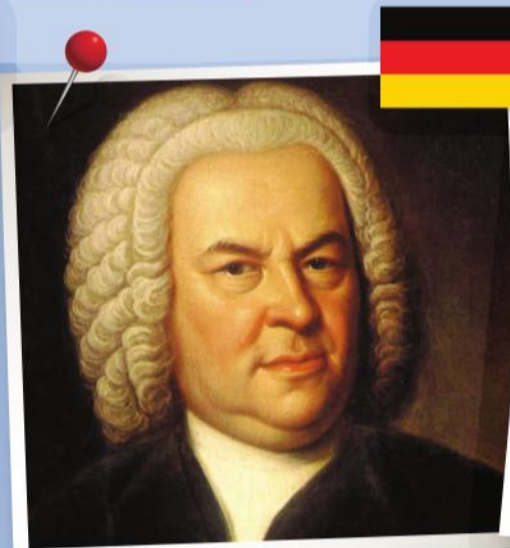


**Manuel De Falla (1876-1946)**  
He was a great 20th century composer. His master piece was called El amor brujo/A Bewitched Love.

**Manuel De Falla (1876-1946)**  
Fue un gran compositor de música clásica del siglo XX. Su obra maestra fue El amor brujo.



**Edward Benjamin Britten, Baron Britten, (1913-1976)** was an English composer, conductor and pianist. He was a central figure of 20th-century British classical music, with a range of works including opera, other vocal music, orchestral and chamber pieces. His best-known works include the opera "Peter Grimes", the "War Requiem" and the orchestral showpiece "The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra".



**Johann Sebastian Bach** He is the son of Lei pzig, because he was the choirmaster and organist of the world famous 'Thomas Choir' from 1723- 1750.

**Johann Sebastian Bach** Er ist der Sohn Leipzigs, weil er von 1723- 1750 Thomaskantor des weltberühmten Thomaner Chores war.



**Jean-Jacques Goldman (11 october 1951)**  
Jean-Jacques Goldman is a french singer-songwriter. Throughout his career, he has frequently written for other singers, notably Céline Dion or Johnny Hallyday. He made a commitment with charitable works as « Les enfoirés », a concert with French singers and celebrities.

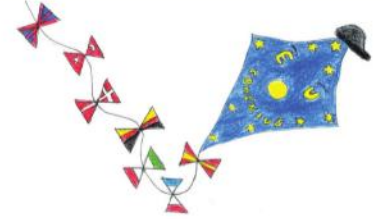
**Jean Jacques Goldman** est un auteur-compositeur-interprète français. Il a écrit et composé pour de nombreux autres artistes, notamment Céline Dion et Johnny Hallyday. C'est un artiste qui s'est considérablement engagé auprès d'oeuvres humanitaires ou caritatives, notamment les « Restos du coeur » via les « Enfoirés ».

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FEBRUARY



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Dr Hüseyin Emin Öztürk (1956)** is a famous writer and poet who has got a lot of published books. He won the 1st Prize with his story called "The Lamb with Henna" in 1979 and the 2nd Prize with his novel for children called "The Injured Partridge" in 1988. He was voted as "Writer of The Year in Children Literature Branch" with "His Books which were Published in That Year" by The Association of Turkish Writers in 1988.

**Dr Hüseyin Emin Öztürk (1956)**, birçok kitabı yayımlanan ünlü bir yazar ve şairdir. 1979 yılında "Kınalı Kuzu" adlı hikayesiyle birincilik ve 1988 Yılında "Yaralı Keklik" adlı çocuk romanıyla ikincilik ödülünü aldı. 1988 Yılında "Yıl İçinde Yayımlanan Kitapları" ile Türkiye Yazarlar Birliği tarafından "Çocuk Edebiyatı Dalında Yılın Yazarı" seçildi.



**Hans Christian Andersen** was born April 2 1805 and he died on August 4th 1875. He was a Danish poet and author who is world famous for his fairy tales.

**Hans Christian Andersen** blev født d. 2. april 1805 og døde den 4. august 1875. Han var en dansk digter og forfatter, der er verdensberømt for sine eventyr.



**Eugenio Montale (1896 – 1981)** was a very important poet, journalist, translator, music critic and writer. He won the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1975. He could be considered the most important voice of Italian modern literature and one of the biggest European poets of the last century.

**Eugenio Montale (1896 – 1981)**, è stato un poeta, giornalista, traduttore, critico musicale e scrittore. Vinse il premio Nobel per la letteratura nel 1975. Può essere considerato la più autorevole voce della letteratura italiana moderna e uno dei maggiori poeti europei del secolo scorso.



**Miguel De Cervantes (1547-1616)** Cervantes was a renowned writer, whose book *The Ingenious Gentleman Don Quixote of La Mancha* has been the most printed book after the Bible and the Koran and has been translated in 50 languages.

**Miguel De Cervantes (1547-1616)** Cervantes fue un célebre escritor, cuyo libro *El ingenioso hidalgo Don Quijote de La Mancha*, ha sido traducido a más de cincuenta idiomas y por eso ha sido el libro más traducido después de la Biblia y el Corán.



**Joanne "Jo" Rowling (1965)**, pen names **J. K. Rowling** and **Robert Galbraith**, is a British novelist best known as the author of the "Harry Potter" fantasy series. The books have gained worldwide attention, won multiple awards, and sold more than 400 million copies. They have become the best-selling book series in history and been the basis for a series of films which became the highest-grossing film series in history.



**Johann Wolfgang von Goethe** One of the most famous writers of the world. There is a restaurant in Leipzig, where you can see a part of 'Faust', his most popular opus.

**Johann Wolfgang von Goethe** Er war einer der berühmtesten Dichter der Welt. In Leipzig gibt es ein Restaurant, vor dem eine Szene aus 'Faust', sein bekanntestes Werk, gezeigt wird.



**Jean Giono (1895 – 1970)** was a French writer born in Manosque, who wrote many books about our region of Provence. He is best known for his novel *The Horseman on the Roof*. He will also do cinema and he will chair of the famous Cannes Film Festival.

**Jean Giono (1895 – 1970)** est un écrivain français, né à Manosque, qui a écrit de nombreux livres autour de notre région la Provence. Il est notamment connu pour son roman: « *Le Hussard sur le toit* ». Il fera aussi du cinéma et présidera le fameux festival de Cannes.

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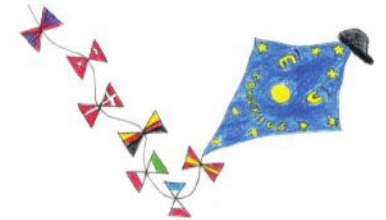
MARCH



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES

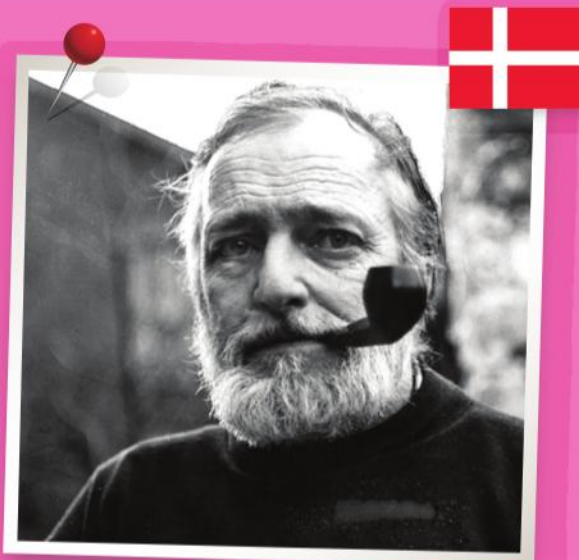


CALENDAR



**Osman Hamdi Bey (1842-1910)** was one of the first Turkish artists and he was the first Turkish archeologist. He was the first Turkish artist who used compositions with figures. "Kaplumbağa Terbiyecisi" is his most famous painting. He founded "İstanbul Archeology Museum" which is one of the best museums in Turkey.

**Osman Hamdi Bey (1842-1910)**, ilk Türk ressamlarından birisidir ve ilk Türk arkeoloğudur. Türk resminde figürlü kompozisyon kullanan ilk ressamdır. En ünlü tablosu, "Kaplumbağa Terbiyecisi"dir. Türkiye'deki en ünlü müzelerden biri olan "İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzesi"ni kurmuştur.



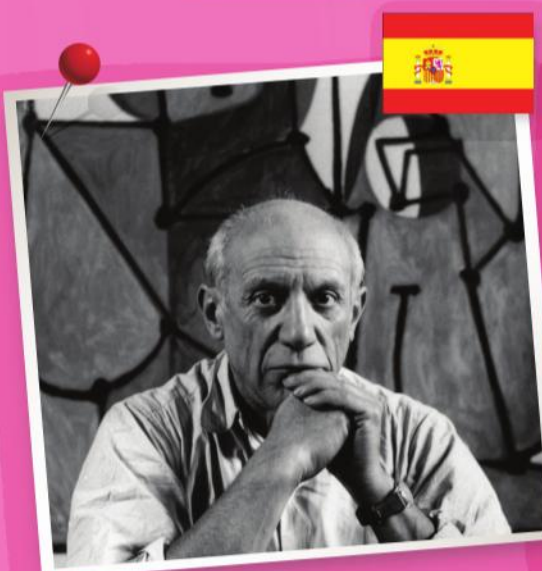
**Asger Oluf Jørgensen** artist name is Asger Jorn. He was born March 3, 1914 and he died May 1, 1973. He was a Danish artist of international renown. He was from Silkeborg.

**Asger Oluf Jørgensen** med kunstnernavnet Asger Jorn blev født 3. marts 1914 og han døde 1. maj 1973. Han var en dansk billedkunstner af international berømmelse. Han er fra Silkeborg.



**Michelangelo Buonarroti (1475 - 1564)** was a painter, sculptor, architect and poet. He was the protagonist of the Italian Renaissance. His name is linked to a number of works which are famous throughout the world and are considered among the most important works of Western art. His frescoes in the Sistine Chapel as well as his "David" and the "Pietà" are the best examples of his creative genius.

**Michelangelo Buonarroti (1475 - 1564)** è stato un pittore, scultore, architetto e poeta. Fu il protagonista del Rinascimento italiano. Il suo nome è collegato a una serie di opere che sono famose in tutto il mondo e considerate fra i più importanti lavori dell'arte occidentale. Gli affreschi nella Cappella Sistina, il David e la Pietà sono considerati i migliori esempi del suo ingegno creativo.



**Pablo Picasso (1881-1973)** Picasso was born in Malaga, and is known and famous for his painting, Guernica, which represents the battle of Guernica during the Spanish Civil War.

**Pablo Picasso (1881-1973)** Picasso, nacido en Málaga, es conocido y famoso por su cuadro el Guernica, que representa la batalla de Guernica durante la guerra civil española.



**Joseph Mallord William Turner, (1775-1851)** was an English Romantic landscape painter, water-colourist, and printmaker. Although renowned for his oil paintings, Turner is also one of the greatest masters of British water colour landscape painting. He is commonly known as "the painter of light" and his work is regarded as a Romantic preface to Impressionism. Some of his works are cited as examples of abstract art prior to its recognition in the early twentieth century.



**Albrecht Dürer** He lived from 1471- 1528. The 'Young Hare' is a well known painting.

**Albrecht Dürer** Er lebte von 1471- 1528. Der Feldhase ist ein sehr bekanntes Gemälde.



**Paul Cézanne (1839 -1906)** Paul Cézanne is a French painter, a member of the Impressionist movement, considered as the precursor of Cubism. He is the author of many landscapes of Provence, especially in the countryside of Aix-en-Provence. He has directed several paintings with subject Mont Sainte-Victoire.

**Paul Cézanne** est un peintre français, membre du mouvement impressionniste, considéré comme le précurseur du cubisme. Il est l'auteur de nombreux paysages de Provence, et particulièrement de la campagne d'Aix-en-Provence. Il a notamment réalisé plusieurs toiles ayant pour sujet la montagne Sainte-Victoire.

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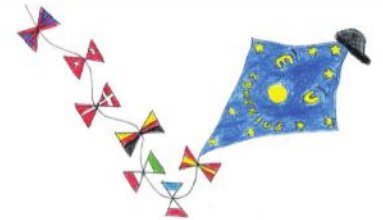
APRIL



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



CALENDAR



**Prof. Dr. Ahmet Davutoğlu (1959)** is the 37th Prime Minister of Turkish Republic. He graduated from Boğaziçi University, which is one of the most successful universities in Turkey. He gave lectures in several universities. He used to work as The Minister of Foreign Affairs, International Relations Expert and Ambassador.

**Prof. Dr. Ahmet Davutoğlu (1959)**, Türkiye Cumhuriyeti'nin 37. Başbakanıdır. 1984'te, Türkiye'nin en başarılı üniversitelerinden biri olan Boğaziçi Üniversitesi'nden mezun oldu. Farklı üniversitelerde dersler verdi. Dışişleri Bakanlığı, Uluslararası İlişkiler Uzmanlığı ve Büyükelçilik yaptı.



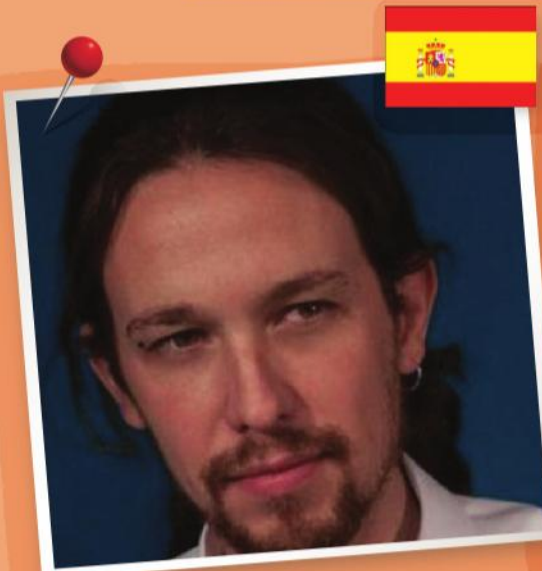
**Helle Thorning-Schmidt** was born on December 14 1966. She is a Danish politician who from the 3 October 2011 has been Prime Minister of Denmark. She has since 2005 been chairman of the Social Democrats.

**Helle Thorning-Schmidt** blev født 14. december 1966. Hun er en dansk politiker, der siden den 3. oktober 2011 har været Danmarks statsminister. Hun har siden 2005 været formand for Socialdemokraterne.



**Camillo Benso, conte di Cavour (1810 – 1861)** was a politician and an important businessman. He was first Prime Minister of the new born Italian Kingdom from 1861 until his death.

**Camillo Benso, conte di Cavour** è stato un politico e un importante imprenditore. Nello stesso 1861, con la proclamazione del Regno d'Italia, divenne il primo presidente del Consiglio dei ministri del nuovo Stato, e morì ricoprendo tale carica.



**Pablo Iglesias (1978)** Iglesias is a new politician in our country. He is the founder and leader of the new political party, "Podemos", which is being widely talked about in all forms of media.

**Pablo Iglesias (1978)** Es un nuevo político en nuestro país, fundador y dirigente del nuevo partido político, "Podemos", del que se está hablando mucho en todos los medios.



**Diane Julie Abbott (1953)** is a British Labour Party politician who has been the Member of Parliament (MP) for Hackney North and Stoke Newington since 1987, when she became the first black woman to be elected to the House of Commons. In 2010, Abbott became Shadow Public Health Minister.



**Angela Merkel** She is our Federal Chancellor since 2005. Angela Merkel studied physics at the university of Leipzig.

**Angela Merkel** Sie ist unsere Bundeskanzlerin seit 2005. Angela studierte Physik an der Leipziger Universität.



**Jean Jaurès (1859 – 1914)** He was a historian, a gifted political speaker and a man of letters who was the founder of the L'Humanité newspaper. Upholder of the law and pacifist, he is the founding father of the democratic socialism. He turns to be a reference for all the Republic.

**Jean Jaurès (1859 – 1914)** Historien, grand orateur et plume parmi ses pairs politiques et journalistes, fondateur du journal L'Humanité, justicier et pacifiste, il est le véritable fondateur du socialisme démocratique, devenu une référence pour toute la République.

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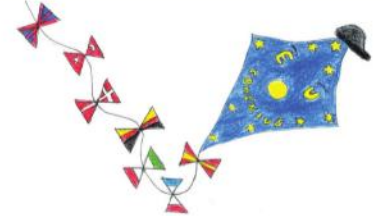
MAY



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



CALENDAR



**Kemal Sunal (1944-2000)** was one of the most famous actors in Turkish movie history. He acted in 82 films. He generally acted as naive, lucky, kind-hearted and funny characters in his films. He received "The Best Actor Award" in 1977 and in 1989, "Lifelong Honour Award" in 1998.

**Kemal Sunal (1944-2000)**, Türk sinema tarihindeki en ünlü oyuncularından biridir. 82 filmde rol aldı. Filmlerinde genellikle saf, şanslı, iyi yürekli ve komik karakterleri canlandırdı. 1977'de ve 1989'da "En İyi Erkek Oyuncu Ödülü"nü, 1998'de "Yaşam Boyu Onur Ödülü"nü kazandı.



**Mads Dittmann Mikkelsen** was born on November 22, 1965. He is a Danish film and theater actor. He is an internationally renowned film actor with roles in *Casino Royale*, *Coco Chanel* & *Igor Stravinsky* and *The Raiders*, the latter of which earned him the award for Best Actor at the Cannes Film Festival 2012.

**Mads Dittmann Mikkelsen** blev født 22. november 1965. Han er en dansk film- og teaterskuespiller. Han er en internationalt anerkendt filmskuespiller med roller i *Casino Royale*, *Coco Chanel* & *Igor Stravinsky* og *Jagten*, hvor sidstnævnte indbragte ham prisen for bedste mandlige skuespiller ved filmfestivalen i Cannes 2012.



**Roberto Benigni (1952)** is an actor, comedian, showman, director, writer and singer. He is well-known and popular for his theatrical monologues as well as for his ironic and irreverent comedy. He has won an Academy Award for best actor for his performance in the film "Life is Beautiful". He is the only Italian actor who has received an Oscar for best actor, starring in the leading role in a foreign language movie.

**Roberto Benigni (1952)** è un attore, comico, showman, regista, sceneggiatore e cantante. È noto per i suoi monologhi a teatro e per la sua comicità ironica e dissacrante nelle commedie. Ha vinto un premio Oscar come miglior attore per la sua interpretazione nel film *La vita è bella*. È stato l'unico interprete maschile italiano a ricevere l'Oscar come miglior attore protagonista, recitando nel ruolo da protagonista in un film in lingua straniera.



**Macarena Gómez (1978)**  
This young actress became famous for her participation in a very well known television series, *La que se avecina*.

**Macarena Gómez (1978)**  
Esta joven actriz ha saltado a la fama por su participación en una serie muy conocida, llamada *La que se avecina*.



**Daniel Wroughton Craig (1968)** is an English actor. Cast as James Bond 007 in October 2005, his first film in the role, "Casino Royale", was released in November 2006. Craig achieved international fame when chosen as the sixth actor to play the role of James Bond 007 in the official series, replacing Pierce Brosnan. His debut in *Casino Royale* earned him a BAFTA-award nomination, with the film becoming the highest-grossing in the series at the time.



**Til Schweiger**  
He plays different kinds of roles for example 'Inglorious Basterds' and 'No Ear Rabbit'. He has got 4 children.

**Til Schweiger**  
Er spielt sehr verschiedene Rollen zum Beispiel 'Unrühmliche Mistkerle' und 'Keinohrhasse'. Er hat 4 Kinder.



**Jean Dujardin (1972)**  
He is a French actor, director, producer and comedian. He began his career as a stand-up comedian in Paris. He garnered international fame and widespread acclaim with his performance in the 2011 award-winning silent movie *The Artist*.

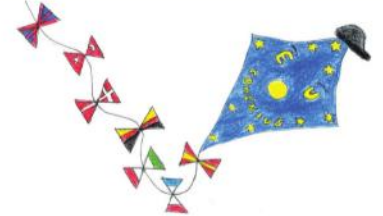
**Jean Dujardin (1972)** Il est un acteur français, réalisateur, producteur et comédien. Il a commencé sa carrière comme comédien de stand-up à Paris. Il a recueilli une renommée internationale et de nombreux honneurs de sa performance silencieuse dans le film primé 2011 *The Artist*.

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JUNE



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Barış Manço (1943-1999)** was a Turkish rock musician, singer, songwriter, composer and producer. He was a pioneer of rock music in Turkey and one of the founders of the Anatolian rockgenre. Manço composed around 200 songs and is among the best-selling and most awarded Turkish artists to date.

**Barış Manço (1943-1999)**, Türk rock şarkıcısı, besteci, söz yazarı ve TV programı yapımcısıydı. Türkiye'de rock müziğin öncüsü ve Anadolu Rock türünün kurucuları arasında sayılır. Bestelediği 200'ün üzerindeki şarkısı ile en çok satanlar listesine girmeyi başardı ve birçok kez ödüllendirildi.



**Medina Danielle Oona Valbak** was born on 30 November 1982. She is a Danish pop and R & B singer and songwriter. She broke through with Welcome to Medina in 2009, from which the first single "Only for me" in September 2008, was a big hit.

**Medina Danielle Oona Valbak** blev født den 30. november 1982. Hun er en dansk pop- og R&B-sangerinde og sangskriver. Hun brød igennem med Velkommen til Medina i 2009, hvorfra førstestingle "Kun for mig" fra september 2008 blev et stort hit.



**Arisa (1982)** is not only a singer but also an actress and a writer. She won the last edition of the Sanremo Festival, the most important Italian competition for singers, with her song "Controvento".

**Arisa (1982)** non è solo una cantante, ma anche un'attrice e una scrittrice. Arisa ha vinto l'ultima edizione del Festival di Sanremo, la gara per cantanti più importante in Italia, con la canzone "Controvento".



**Malú (1982)**

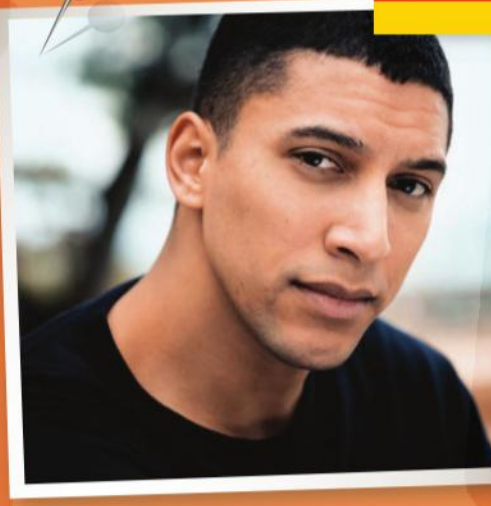
Malú is successful pop singer who has won a Latin Grammy award. She is the niece of the internationally known musician, Paco de Lucía.

**Malú (1982)**

Es un cantante de pop con mucho éxito que ha ganado un premio Grammy latino. También es la sobrina de Paco de Lucía, un músico conocido internacionalmente.



**Adele Laurie Blue Adkins (1988)** is a British singer and songwriter. In 2007, she received the "Critics' Choice" award and won the BBC Sound of 2008. Her debut album, "19", was released in 2008 to big success. It certified 4 times platinum in the UK, and double platinum in the U.S. Her career in the U.S. was boosted by "Saturday Night Live" appearance in late 2008. At the 51st Annual Grammy Awards, Adele received the awards for Best New Artist and Best Female Pop Vocal Performance.



**Andreas Bourani**

He wrote and sang the song 'Auf uns' – It became the hymn of the football world championship winner in 2014 – Germany!

**Andreas Bourani**

Er schrieb und sang das Lied 'Auf uns' – Es wurde die Hymne des Fußball WM Gewinners 2014 – Deutschland!



**Johnny Hallyday** Jean-Philippe Smet, said Johnny Hallyday, is a singer, composer and French actor born June 15, 1943 in Paris. With over fifty years of career, he is one of the most famous French singers and one of the more prominent figures in the French media landscape.

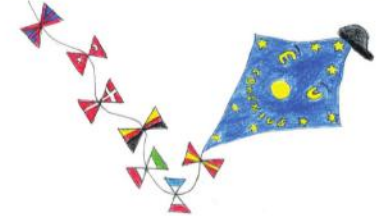
**Johnny Hallyday** Jean-Philippe Smet, dit Johnny Hallyday, est un chanteur, compositeur et acteur français né le 15 juin 1943 à Paris. Avec plus de cinquante ans de carrière, il est l'un des plus célèbres chanteurs francophones et l'une des plus personnalités les plus présentes dans le paysage médiatique français

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JULY



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Ali Qushji (1403-1474)** was a Turkish astronomer, mathematician and physicist. He is best known for the development of astronomical physics independent from natural philosophy, and for providing empirical evidence for the Earth's rotation in his treatise. Ali Qushji was also the author of several scientific works and textbooks on astronomy.

**Ali Kuşçu (1403-1474)**, bir Türk astronom, matematikçi ve fizikçi idi. Astrofiziğin, doğa felsefesinden bağımsız bir şekilde gelişmesi için sağladığı katkıyla ve deneysel kanıtlarla dünyanın dönüşüyle ilgili yaptığı tezlerle tanınmıştır. Ali Kuşçu aynı zamanda birçok bilimsel çalışmaların ve astronomi ders kitaplarının yazarıdır.



**Niels Henrik David Bohr** was born October 7, 1885 and died on November 18, 1962. He was a Danish physicist who contributed significantly to the understanding of the structure of the atom and the development of quantum mechanics. Niels Bohr received the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1922.

**Niels Henrik David Bohr** blev født den 7. oktober 1885 og døde den 18. november 1962. Han var en dansk fysiker, som har bidraget afgørende til forståelsen af atomets struktur og udviklingen af kvantemekanikken. Niels Bohr modtog Nobelprisen i fysik i 1922.



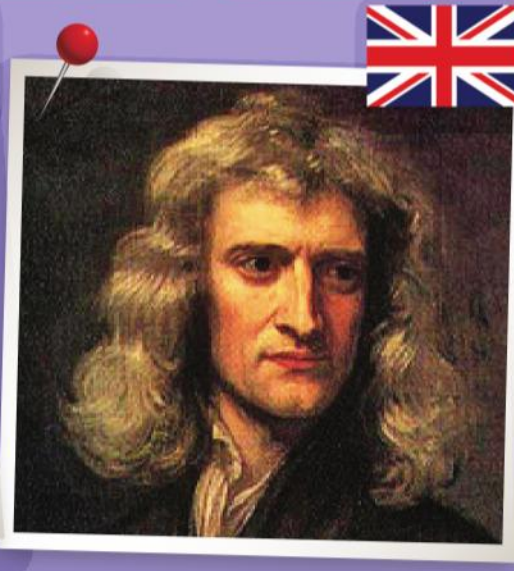
**Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519)** was a great scientist: physicist, mechanic, engineer, mathematician, botanist, architect, musician, sculptor and painter (one of his most famous paintings in the world is the "Mona Lisa", also called "The Gioconda"). Actually, he was a genius. He tried to build machines which could fly.

**Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519)** è stato un grande scienziato: fisico, meccanico, ingegnere, matematico, botanico, architetto, musicista, scultore e pittore (ha dipinto uno dei quadri più famosi nel mondo: "Monna Lisa", detta "La Gioconda"). Di fatto, fu un genio. Cercò di costruire macchine in grado di volare.

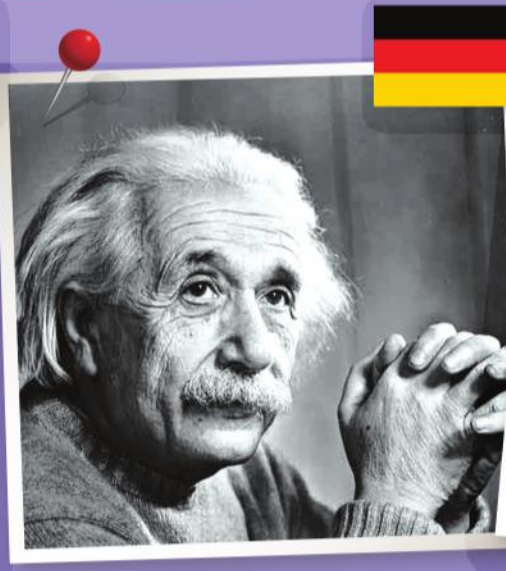


**Juan De La Cierva (1895-1936)** He is the scientist who invented the gyroplane, which was the precursor to the helicopter and fundamental for future airplanes.

**Juan De La Cierva (1895-1936)** Fue un científico que inventó el autogiro, que fue el precursor del helicóptero y fundamental para los futuros aviones.

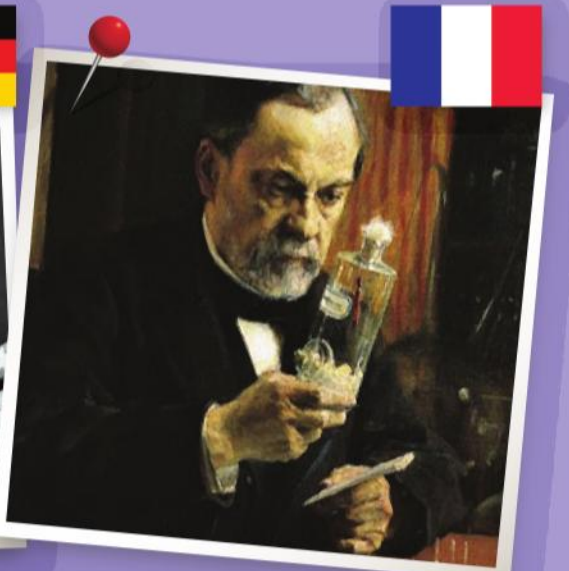


**Sir Isaac Newton (1642-1726/7)** was an English physicist and mathematician widely recognised as one of the most influential scientists of all time and as a key figure in the scientific revolution. His book "Mathematical Principles of Natural Philosophy", first published in 1687, laid the foundations for classical mechanics. Newton also made seminal contributions to optics and shares credit with Gottfried Leibniz for the development of calculus.



**Albert Einstein** He was one of the most famous physicist of the world. His main work was the 'Theory of relativity'.

**Albert Einstein** Er war einer der bedeutendsten Physiker der Welt. Sein Hauptwerk war die Relativitätstheorie.



**Louis Pasteur (1822-1895)** was a French chemist and microbiologist renowned for his discoveries of the principles of vaccination, microbial fermentation and pasteurization. He created the first vaccines for rabies. He is known for his invention called pasteurization for milk and wine.

**Louis Pasteur (1822-1895)** était un scientifique français, chimiste et physicien connu pour ses découvertes sur la vaccination, la fermentation microbienne et la pasteurisation. Il créa le premier vaccin contre la rage. Il est connu pour son invention appelée pasteurisation pour le lait et le vin.

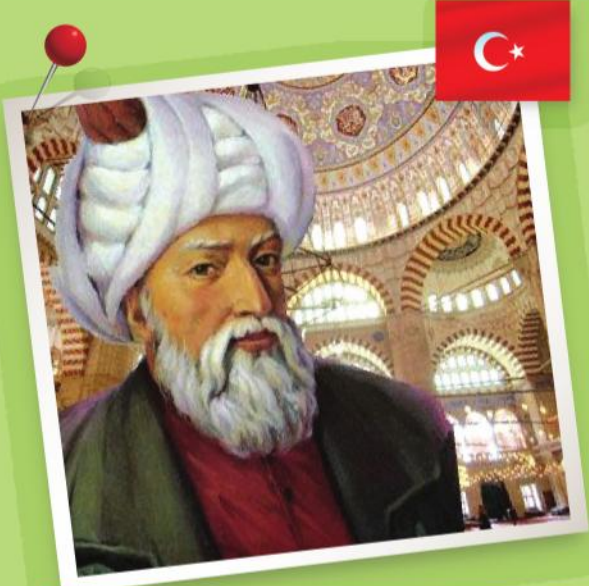
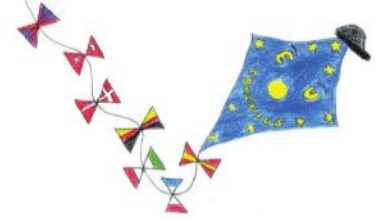
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AUGUST





# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



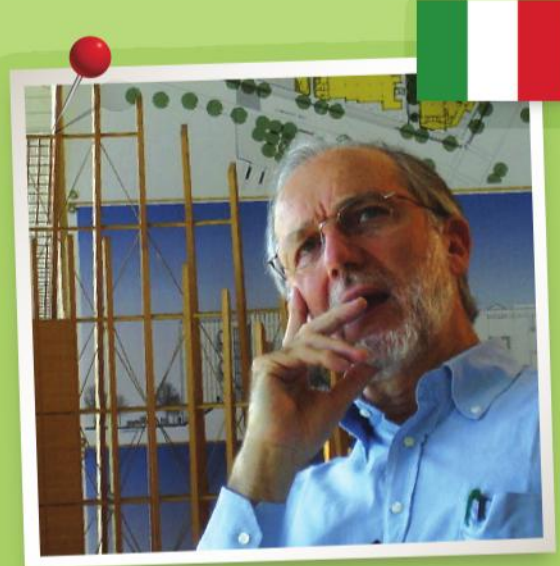
**Mimar Sinan (1489-1588)** was the chief Ottoman architect and civil engineer. He is known by his constructions worldwide. His masterpiece is the Selimiye Mosque in Edirne; however, his most famous work is the Suleiman Mosque in Istanbul. He is considered to be the greatest architect of the Ottoman architecture.

**Mimar Sinan (1489-1588)**, Osmanlı baş mimarı ve inşaat mühendisi idi. Yapılarıyla dünyaca tanınmıştır. Başyapıtı Edirne'deki Selimiye Camii'dir, buna rağmen İstanbul'daki Süleymaniye Camii en ünlü eseridir. Kendisi, Osmanlı mimarisinin en mükemmel mimarı olarak kabul edilir.



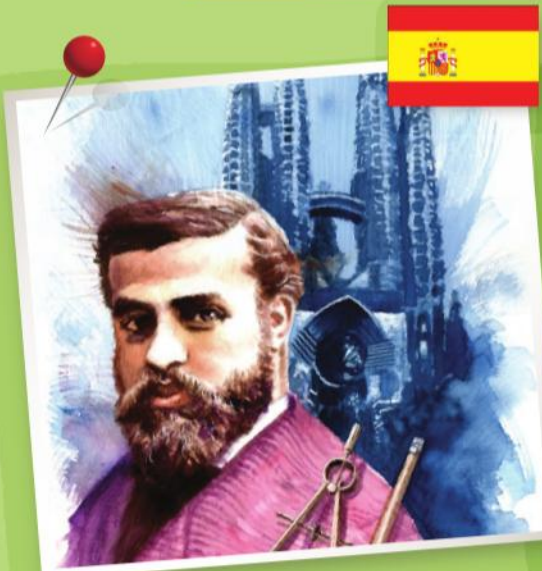
**Arne Emil Jacobsen** was born February 11, 1902 and died on March 24, 1971. He was a Danish architect and designer who helped to introduce Modernism in Denmark. He has an international reputation and is one of Denmark's most famous designers.

**Arne Emil Jacobsen** blev født den 11. februar 1902 og døde den 24. marts 1971. Han var en dansk arkitekt og designer, som var med til at indføre modernismen i Danmark. Han har internationalt ry og er en af Danmarks mest kendte designere.



**Renzo Piano (1937)** is an architect and Senator for life. In 2006, Piano was the first Italian man selected by TIME as one of the 100 most influential people in the world. From 1965 to today he has worked all over the world. Among his most famous buildings there are: the George Pompidou Centre in Paris and the Shard London Bridge in London.

**Renzo Piano (1937)** è un architetto diventato poi senatore a vita (nel 2013). Nel 2006, Piano fu il primo italiano selezionato dalla rivista TIME tra le 100 personalità più influenti del mondo. Dal 1965 a oggi ha lavorato in tutto il mondo. Tra i suoi edifici più famosi ci sono il Centro George Pompidou di Parigi e lo Shard London Bridge di Londra.

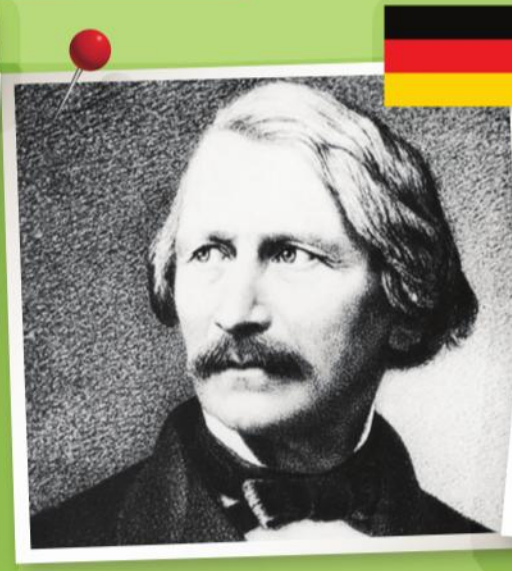


**Antonio Gaudí (1852-1926)** This architect was part of the modernist movement. He is very famous for the façade of the Cathedral in Barcelona, La Sagrada Família, among others. Many of his works have been declared World Heritage Sites.

**Antonio Gaudí (1852-1926)** Fue un arquitecto del modernismo. Es muy famoso por la fachada de la catedral de Barcelona, La Sagrada Família, entre otros. Muchas de sus obras han sido declaradas "patrimonio de bien cultural".



**Norman Robert Foster, Lord Foster of Thames Bank, (1935)** is an English architect whose company, Foster + Partners, maintains an international design practice famous for high-tech architecture. He is one of Britain's most prolific architects of his generation. In 1999 he was awarded the Pritzker Architecture Prize, the Nobel Prize of architecture. In 2009 Foster was awarded the Prince of Asturias Award in the Arts category. In 1994 he received the AIA Gold Medal.



**Gottfried Semper** He designed many buildings in Saxony, for example 'Semper Opera', and parts of the 'Zwinger' in Dresden.

**Gottfried Semper** Er entwarf viele Gebäude in Sachsen, zum Beispiel die Semperoper und Teile des Zwingers in Dresden.



**Jean Nouvel (1945)** He is a French architect. He had obtained a number of prestigious distinctions over the course of his career. He has designed many buildings across the world as Arab World Institute (Paris) or Torre Agbar (Barcelona). He projects to create The Louvre Abu Dhabi.

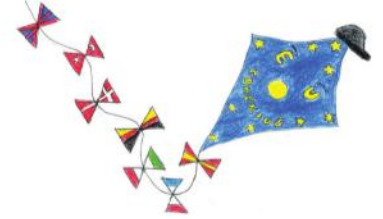
**Jean Nouvel (1945)** Il est un architecte français. Il avait obtenu un certain nombre de distinctions prestigieuses au cours de sa carrière. Il a conçu de nombreux bâtiments à travers le monde que l'Institut du Monde Arabe (Paris) ou Torre Agbar (Barcelone). Il projette de créer Le Louvre Abu Dhabi.

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SEPTEMBER



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Suleiman I (1494-1566)** was the tenth and longest-reigning Sultan of the Ottoman Empire. He was known as "the Magnificent" in the West and "Kanuni" (the Lawgiver) in the East. The reign of Sultan Suleiman marked the Ottoman Empire's golden age, as it was the largest and most powerful force in the Middle East and Europe.

**I. Süleyman** (1494-1566) Osmanlı İmparatorluğu'nun onuncu ve en uzun hükümdarlık yapan padişahıdır. Batıda "Muhteşem Süleyman", Doğuda ise "Kanunî Sultan Süleyman" olarak bilinmektedir. Osmanlı İmparatorluğu, Sultan Süleyman'ın hükümdarlığı süresince Ortadoğu ve Avrupa'nın en büyük ve en güçlü kuvveti olarak altın çağını yaşamıştır.



**His Royal Highness Crown Prince Frederik** (Frederik André Henrik Christian) was born 26 May 1968. He is the crown prince of Denmark, Count of Monpezat, Danish heir to the throne. The Crown Prince is also number 322 to the British throne.

**Hans Kongelige Højhed Kronprins Frederik** (Frederik André Henrik Christian) blev født 26. maj 1968. Han er kronprins til Danmark, greve af Monpezat, dansk tronarving. Kronprinsen er desuden nummer 322 i den britiske tronfølge.



**Giorgio Napolitano (1925)** is the eleventh and the current President of the Italian Republic. He was elected in 2006 for the first time, and in 2013 he was elected again, for the second time. He's the first President of the Italian Republic to receive a second mandate as president and he's also the oldest one.

**Giorgio Napolitano (1925)** è l'undicesimo e attuale Presidente della Repubblica Italiana. È stato eletto nel 2006 e nel 2013 e stato rieletto. È il primo Presidente della Repubblica italiana ad essere chiamato per un secondo mandato ed è anche il più anziano.



**Felipe VI (1968)**

Felipe VI was crowned king of Spain after his father, Juan Carlos I, abdicated the throne. He is one of Europe's youngest kings.

**Felipe VI (1968)**

Fue proclamado rey de España después de abdicar su padre, Juan Carlos I. Felipe VI es uno de los reyes más jóvenes de Europa.



**Queen Elizabeth II** (Elizabeth Alexandra Mary; 1926) is the constitutional monarch of 16 of the 53 member states in the Commonwealth of Nations. She is also Head of the Commonwealth and Supreme Governor of the Church of England. Elizabeth became Head of the Commonwealth and queen regnant of: the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Pakistan and Ceylon. She is the longest-lived and, after her great-great grandmother Queen Victoria, the second longest-reigning British monarch.

**Queen Elizabeth II** (Elizabeth Alexandra Mary; 1926) er den konstitusjonelle monarken for 16 av de 53 medlemsstatene i Commonwealth of Nations. Hun er også Hode for Commonwealth og Supreme Governor of the Church of England. Elizabeth ble Hode for Commonwealth og dronning regnant av: Storbritannia, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Sør-Afrika, Pakistan og Ceylon. Hun er den lengstlevende og, etter sin store-storetante Dronning Victoria, den andre lengstlevende britiske monarken.



**Karl der Große**

He was king in 768- 814 and emperor 800.

**Karl der Große**

Er war König von 768- 814 und Kaiser 800.



**François Hollande (1954)**

François Hollande, born August 12, 1954 in Rouen in Lower Seine, is a French statesman. He is President of the French Republic since 15 May 2012.

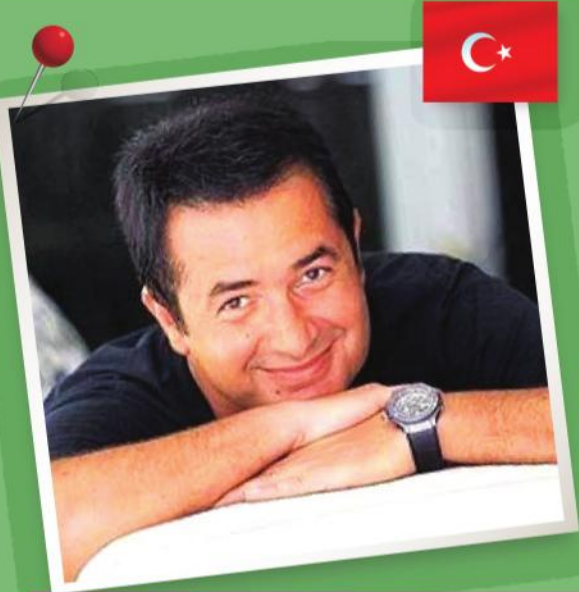
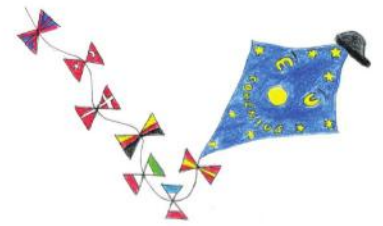
**François Hollande**, né le 12 août 1954 à Rouen en Seine-Inférieure, est un homme d'État français. Il est président de la République française depuis le 15 mai 2012.

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OCTOBER



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



**Acun Ilıcalı (1969)** is a Turkish television personality and producer. He is the founder and owner of Acun Medya and also the owner of Turkish TV channel TV8. Ilıcalı started his career in television as a sports reporter and got promoted due to his success. Acun Medya broadcasts entertaining television shows every day which are watched by millions of people.

**Acun Ilıcalı (1969)**, bir Türk televizyon karakteri ve yapımcısıdır. Acun Medya'nın kurucusu ve sahibi ve aynı zamanda Türk televizyon kanalı TV8'in sahibidir. Ilıcalı, televizyondaki kariyerine bir spor muhabiri olarak başlamıştır ve elde ettiği başarıyla yükselmiştir. Acun Medya, her gün, milyonlarca kişinin seyrettiği eğlenceli televizyon şovları yayınlamaktadır.



**Sarah Lund** was born in 1964 in Denmark. She is a fictitious person acting in the drama series *The Killing* from 2006 - 2007. She is Deputy Superintendent and employed in Section A at police headquarters, which is one of the main points in the series. Lund is played by actor Sofie Gråbøl.

**Sarah Lund** blev født i 1964 i Danmark. Hun er en fiktiv person, der optræder i dramaserien *Forbrydelsen* fra 2006 – 2007. Hun er vicekriminalkommissær og ansat i afdeling A på Politigården, der er en af hovedstederne i serien. Lund er spillet af skuespilleren Sofie Gråbøl.



**Carlo Conti (1961)** is a television presenter. After working as a radio presenter and a DJ in the 1970s, he made his TV debut in 1985. He later hosted several successful TV-programmes, including quiz shows and variety shows. He has also presented five editions of Miss Italia (the most important Italian beauty contest for girls). In 2015 he will present the Sanremo Italian Music Festival (the most important Italian competition for singers).

**Carlo Conti (1961)** è un presentatore televisivo. Dopo aver lavorato come DJ negli anni '70, debuttò in TV nel 1985. Ha condotto diversi programmi TV di successo come quiz e varietà. Ha anche presentato cinque edizioni di Miss Italia (il più importante concorso di bellezza per ragazze in Italia). Nel 2015 presenterà il Festival di Sanremo (la gara per cantanti più importante in Italia).

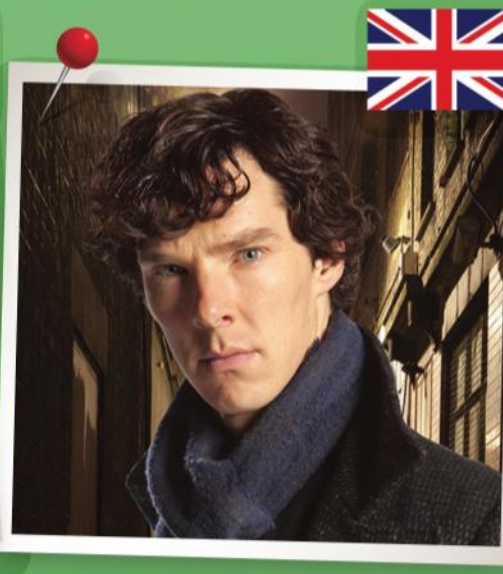


**Arturo Valls (1975)**

He is an actor and television presenter of two current TV programs. He has also had roles in a few films.

**Arturo Valls (1975)**

Es un actor y presentador de la televisión de dos programas en la actualidad. También ha participado en algunas películas.



**Benedict Timothy Carlton Cumberbatch (1976)** is an English actor and film producer. He first performed at the Open Air Theatre, in "Love's Labour's Lost", "A Midsummer Night's Dream", and "Romeo and Juliet". He also portrayed George Tesman in Richard Eyre's revival of "Hedda Gabler" and since then has starred in the Royal National Theatre productions "After the Dance" and "Frankenstein". He has played Sherlock Holmes in the series "Sherlock" since 2010.



**Joko und Klaas**

The two young men have got crazy shows on TV. One of them is *The duell around the world*, where they have to do very dangerous exercises.

**Joko und Klaas**

Diese jungen Männer haben verrückte Shows im Fernsehen. Eine davon ist 'Das Duell um die Welt', bei dem Sie gefährliche Aufgaben lösen müssen.



**Michel Drucker**

He is a host of television and radio, French television producer, born 12 September 1942 in Vire. It is part of the iconic figures of the French broadcasting for fifty years.

**Michel Drucker**

Animateur de télévision et de radio, producteur de télévision français, né le 12 septembre 1942 à Vire. Il fait partie des figures emblématiques du paysage audiovisuel français depuis cinquante ans.

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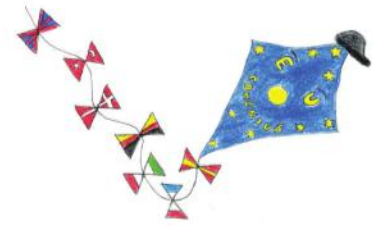
NOVEMBER



# LET'S MEET TO KNOW EACH OTHER THROUGH OUR GREAT CULTURES



## 2015 CALENDAR



**Keloğlan** is a fictional character and a bald hero in Turkish culture and Fairy Tales. Keloğlan is a young poor man, who lives with his mother. He tries to make a living by working in different jobs. Keloğlan is a clumsy and naive boy, but he knows how to react in different situations or how to give clever responses to solve the problems.

**Keloğlan** bir Türk masal kahramanı, halk kültüründe ve masallarda adı geçen saçsız kahramandır. Annesi ile yaşayan Keloğlan, yoksul bir delikanlıdır. Geçinmek için birçok işe girip çıkar. Sakar ve safıtır, ancak farklı durumlarda nasıl tepki vereceğini ve sorunları çözmek için akıllı cevaplar vermesini bilir.



**Rasmus Klump** is a Danish cartoon for children, created by Carla and Vilhelm Hansen. They tell of the adventures Rasmus Klump and his friends experience. Rasmus Klump always occur in red dungarees with white polka dots and traveling around the world on "The Good Ship Mary" as he and his friends built in the first album.

**Rasmus Klump** er en dansk tegneserie for børn, skabt af Carla og Vilhelm Hansen. De fortæller om de eventyr, Rasmus Klump og hans venner oplever. Rasmus Klump optræder altid i røde smækbukser med hvide polkaprikker og rejser jorden rundt på "Det gode skib Mary", som han og vennerne byggede i det første album.



**Pinocchio** is the protagonist of the children's fairy tale "The Adventures of Pinocchio", written by Carlo Collodi in 1800. He's a magical wooden puppet who can talk and move. He is quite naughty and he has got a very special nose: it's short but becomes longer and longer when he tells lies. He has many adventures and in the end he becomes a real boy.

**Pinocchio** è il protagonista della fiaba "Le Avventure di Pinocchio", scritta da Carlo Collodi nel 1800. E' un burattino magico che può parlare e muoversi. E' alquanto birichino e possiede un naso molto speciale: è corto ma diventa sempre più lungo quando dice le bugie. Vive molte avventure e, alla fine, diventa un bambino vero.



### Zipi and Zape (1948)

Zipi and Zape are two characters in the comic created by José Escobar in 1948. The stories are about all the mischief these two twins find themselves in.

### Zipi and Zape (1948)

Zipi y Zape son dos personajes de historieta humorística creada y desarrollada por José Escobar a partir de 1948. Cuenta las travesuras de los dos gemelos.



### Jack and the Beanstalk

Jack and the Beanstalk is an English fairy tale. The earliest known appearance in print is Benjamin Tabart's moralised version of 1807. "Felix Summerly" (Henry Cole) popularised it in "The Home Treasury" (1842) and Joseph Jacobs rewrote it in "English Fairy Tales" (1890). Jacobs' version is most commonly reprinted today and it is believed to be closer to the oral versions than Tabart's because it lacks the moralising. Jack and the Beanstalk is the best known of the "Jack tales".



### Hansel und Gretel

These fairy-tale figures you know. The fairy tale is written by the Grimm Brothers.

### Hänsel und Gretel

Diese Märchenfiguren kennt jeder. Das Märchen wurde von den Gebrüder Grimm geschrieben.



### Little Red Riding Hood, Gustave Doré's illustrations

Central character of Charles Perrault's tale, this girl dressed in a red hood, meets a starving wolf while she's going to visit her grand-mother. The tale's denouement is rare for that period since the heroin dies, devoured by the wolf.

### Personnage principal du conte de

**Charles Perrault**, cette petite fille vêtue d'un chaperon rouge, va rencontrer un loup affamé. Le dénouement du conte est rare pour l'époque puisque l'héroïne va mourir, dévorée par le loup.

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DECEMBER

## 2015