



Learning differently

Lithuania

The most beautiful, interesting places of our country

Gediminas Castle and the Royal Palace

The Church of St. Anne

Gediminas Castle built in the 13th – 14th century. Only Gediminas Tower has survived to this day.

The Royal Palace was biult at the foot of Gediminas Castle and the Royal Palace are home to Lithuanian state museums, which present the formation of the state of Lithuania.





The church is a Gothic style building, which was build in XV century. It is the oldest church in Vilnius and it has high artistic value.

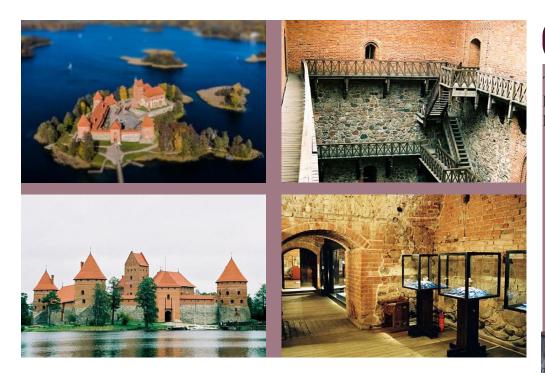
Famous commander Napoleon said: "If I could I'd take this church with me to Paris."



The Church of St. Anne

Trakai Island Castle – Gothic style castle. It is located on the island of Galve in Trakai. The castle was built in the 14th century under the rule of Duke Kestutis and Vytautas.

Trakai Island Castle is the only castle in Eastern Europe built on the island.



Kernave

Kernave was the first mentioned capital city of Lithuanian Grand Duchy. It was first time mentioned in written sources in the XIII age. Five mounds, standing in the town of Kernave, are included into the List of UNESCO protected objects. The town itself, breathing the spirit of the Middle Ages, is protected as well.





The Hill of Crosses

There are thousands of crosses on this hill. They come from various places in Lithuania and from other countries. In 1993, Pope Jone Paul II vsited the Hill of Crosses.









The Curonian Spit and Kuršiu Nerija National Park

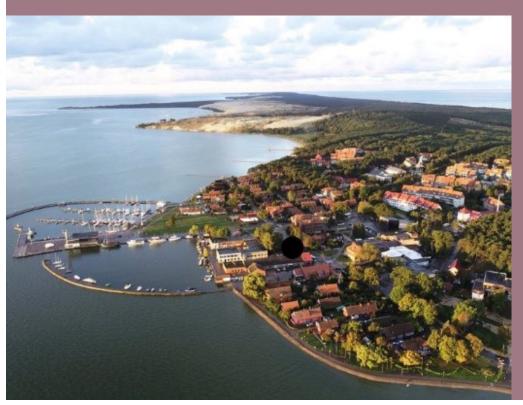
The Curonian Spit refers to a long strip of sand between the Curonian Lagoon and the mighty Baltic Sea.

Part of the spit is located in Russia with the northern side in Lithuania. The spit is the product of a glacier that dates back 5,000 years and it has some of the highest dunes in all of Europe. Some of these measure 60 meters and lead on to beautiful sandy beaches.

The national park here was formed in 1991 to guard the precious ecosystems found in the Curonian Spit and you will find a wide range of waterfowl here in the wetlands and dunes.



<u>VIDEO</u>







Zemaítíja National Park

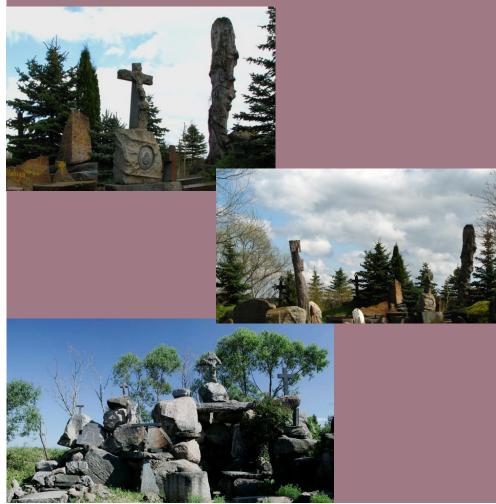
The centre of the national park is the fabled Lake Plateliai, which is the deepest, largest and most picturesque lake in Samogitia. The wonderful nature, rich history and distinctive cultural property reveal the uniqueness of the ethnographic region of Samogitia.





Orvídas Garden

Sculpture garden of religious statues made it through Soviet rule. Although the Soviet Union softened after Stalin's death, life under Khrushchev still wasn't easy for artists and religious people, especially in the satellite states. Being both an artist, and a devout Christian, Vilius Orvidas felt constantly harassed by the Soviet system. Yet from his repression, he created a beautiful and innovative rebellion in the form of an open-air sculpture garden on his family's land in Lithuania.



Hill of Witches

A unique exposition of wooden sculptures located in Juodkrante, around the picturesque Spruce Valley, shows to the visitors the mysterious world of Lithuanian folklore – the hill is reigned by devils, witches and other heroes created by wood carvers from all across Lithuania.

Hill of Withes



https://www.countryside.lt/en/unesco/the-curonian-spit/ https://www.raganukalnas.lt/en/ kaicius-perkope-puse-milijono.d?id=68378312 https://www.15min.lt/pasaulis-kiseneje/naujiena/per-lietuva/marsrutas-savaitaliui-dviraciu-aplink-plateliu-ezera-642-987282 http://www.turistopasaulis.lt/kryziu-kalnas/#.YB9_4ugzbIU_