

## Erasmus+ project 2018-1-PL01-KA229-051240

Little steps make a big difference. Together, we care for our home

First audit for Eco School programme. School in Jaworznia, Poland.
Number os students:253
Number of teachers:30, other staff 8
Location : countryside, surrounded by green areas
Size: 1527 square metres, 13 classrooms
Built in 1963

| Weak points | Strong points |
| :---: | :---: |
| Classroom |  |
| 1. Too little numer of rooms in the building <br> 2. Long period of heating (6 months) with coal <br> 3. Not possible to stop heating for short time, eg for opening the windows <br> 4. Used: - fluorescent lamps, energyefficient <br> -fluorescent lamps in fittings raster <br> - LED bulbs 40-60 Wat | 1. Led lights in classrooms ( 12 fluorescents in class, 14 desks, 3 windows to west or south-west) <br> 2. 140 hours of full sun light per month <br> 3. Many windows, light rooms <br> 4. Recycling bins, collecting waste <br> 5. Printing on 2 sides, making use of recycled paper |
| Toilet (6 toilet rooms, 10 washbasins) <br> 1. No signs to remind close taps or switch off light <br> 2. No measure on water waste or savings <br> 3. Lack of aerators on taps | 1. No leaking taps <br> 2. Rational use of paper towels, made of recycled paper |


| 4. No measures on water lost while leaking in toilet or tap |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Corridor |  |
| 1. Light is not switched off automatically after leaving the room, eg bathroom <br> 2. Traditional bulbs in toilets | 1. Collected plastic bottles are crushed to save space <br> 2. Students are well educated on waste segregation |
| 3. No recycling bins in school corridors | 3. No rubbish thrown on the floor |
| 4. Waste collected for recycling is | 4. Bins are not overloaded |
| mixed <br> 5. Traditional light bulbs together with led lights in school corridors | 5. Lights are switched off after all leave the school building <br> 6. Windows are tight |
| 6. No signs reminding to turn off light or close taps | 7. Entrance hall is departed from school space |
| 7. No thermoregulation on heaters | 8. Fresh air is regularly provided all seasons |
| 8. Students bring fruit and vegetables as snacks to school, they use the | 9. Students recognize school lunch as tasty and healthy |
| same plastic container every day <br> 9. There is food and drink machine distributor in school corridor | 10. Students have free access to drinking water |
| Office |  |
| 1. Email is not used to contact parents | 1. Use of recycled paper |
| (many have no email address) | 2. Two pages printing |
|  | 3. One side printed paper is collected |
|  | 4. Plastic is segregated |
|  | 5. Website is used to publish information for parents |
|  | 6. Electric devices are switched off after use |
| Way to school |  |
| 1. There is no data how many travel by all means | 1. Students come by, bike, on foot, use public transport, are brought by parents by car |
| 2. stand | 2. There is safe way to school (pavement) <br> 3. There are 12 stands for bikes |
| 3. | 4. All students are taught about safe bike use |
| 4. About 20 students travel to school by bike in summer, 10 in winter | 5. Students see travel by bike as relaxing and |
|  | 6. People travelling by car face no difficulties |
| 5. Walks or bike rides to school are not specially promotedar park near school is | (no traffic jams etc.) The way is $2-4 \mathrm{~km}$. |
| it, parrents arrive to pic kup children) | 7. There is no need to consider traffic jams or other schools working hours to adjust school timetable |
| Eating at school |  |
| 1. Some exotic fruit come from a long distance | 1. Lunches are served with catering, they include fresh fruit and vegetables |

2. Products served are not certified as Bio or Fair Trade
3. Special meals are not served
(vegetarian, gluten free, sugar free)
4. There is no choice meal type nor amount
5. Students preferences do not influence the menu
6. Food is not labeled with ingredients list
7. Choice on special diet is not possible
8. Dishes are disposable, due to sanitary requirements
9. There is no school shop

School ground

1. No students garden
2. No students' plants in classrooms

No special place for lessons e.g. educational garden, observational, educational path, "Green class" (gazebo with seats to perform technical work, or to sit)
3. No veggies or herbs planted - students are not willing to work on it
4. No animals live in school ground, except small birds
5. No composter
6. Rain water is not collected nor used
7. There are not sources of renewable energy used
2. Waste is collected and given to animals owners or citizens
3. Plastic is segregated
4. Polish fruit and vegetables are used
5. 6 kg waste is produced a day
6. Parents and students opinions are considered
7. Electric devices are A class (fridge and cooker)
8. There is no school shop

1. $1 / 5$ trees, bushes
2. $1 / 10$ garden
3. $1 / 3$ wild plants
4. $1 / 4$ playground
5. $1 / 5$ car park
6. PE lessons conducted outside, sometimes Science
7. Birds Feeders around the school, pheasant booth
8. Many bushes and trees - for example, cotoneaster, perukowiec, barberry, juniper, thujas, cypresses, hawthorn, wild rose.
9. No rubbish, enough bins
10. No illegal dump around
11. The ligtning is not on photocell, but switched off
