

EARLY SCHOOL LEAVING

COMING TO TERMS WITH
THE PROBLEM.

THE EUROSTAT FINDINGS.

EUROSTAT'S 2015 survey among young people of the EU28 aged 18-24 who:

- left school at the level of lower secondary education (circa 16 years of age).
- have not received any other kind of education, formal or otherwise, since.

THE SUBJECTS' DATA

- 2,9 percent on average more boys than girls.
- Almost 80% coming from low income background.
- Under 1/10 subjects coming from major urban environments (ie. capital cities).

EDUCATIONAL REASONS

POOR ACADEMIC RESULTS



- ▶ School subjects way above the pupil's competence.

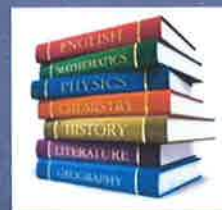


- ▶ A daunting volume of knowledge resulting in great amount of stress.



- ▶ A school system that assesses only a particular type of intelligence.

TECHNICAL PROBLEMS



- ▶ Lack of guidance.
- ▶ Poor textbooks.



- ▶ Lack of teaching personnel.



- ▶ Low quality of teaching aids.
- ▶ Major problems in the infrastructure.
- ▶ Unstable or/and inconsistent educational system.



- ▶ Inaccessibility of schools.

NON-ACADEMIC REASONS

FINANCIAL REASONS



- ▶ Early entry to the market.
- ▶ Inability to afford the actual cost of education.

SOCIAL REASONS



- ▶ Language barriers.



CHANGE
AHEAD

- ▶ Inability to integrate to society (early marriage, religion/ethical barriers).

THANK YOU



Middlesex
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**Information and
basic statistics
courtesy of:**

- ▶ Eurostat EU28 2015
<http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>