

HUNGARY

CAPITAL CITY: BUDAPEST
POPULATION: 9.7 MILLION
AREA: 93 030 KM²



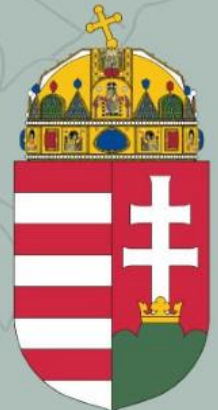
My country, your country



HISTORICAL SIGHTS IN HUNGARY

FAMOUS HUNGARIANS:

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Franz Liszt | László Kodály |
| Ferenc Puskás | Leó Szilárd |
| Robert Capa | Judit Polgár |

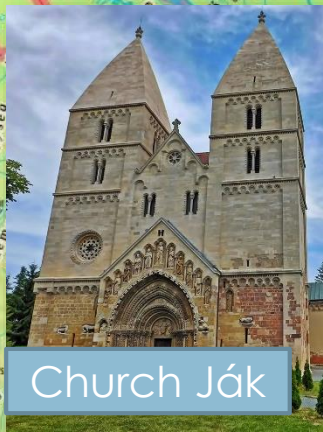




Visegrád



Buda



Church Ják



Szigetvár



Sultan Suleiman I and his army attacked the Hungarian Szigetvár. The Hungarian captain was the famous warlord, Count Miklós Zrínyi. The fight ended with the heroic death of Zrínyi and the fall of Szigetvár, but the old Suleiman also lost his life.



Count Zrínyi



Lawgiver
Süleyman



Tomb of great Suleiman is in Hungary

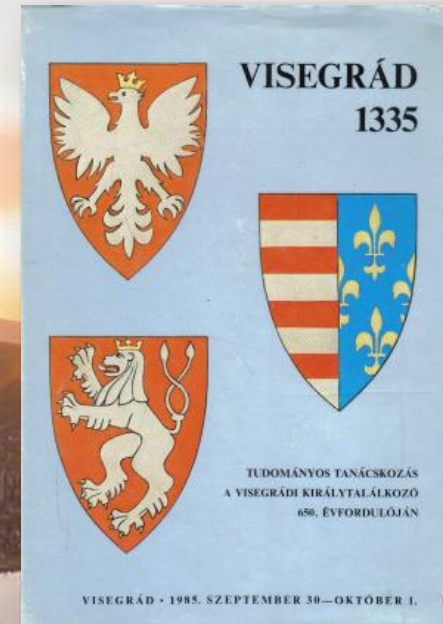
In 1566 Sultan Suleiman was buried in Hungary, and now they are trying to find his relics near Szigetvár.



The Hungarian-Turkish Friendship Park - Turkish: Macar-Türk Dostluk Parkı was built next to Szigetvár. It was established in 1994 to commemorate the reconciliation between the Hungarian and Turkish peoples.



VISEGRÁD IS A ROYAL MEETING PLACE SINCE 1335.



In Kingdom of Hungary the Polish and Czech and Hungarian kings formed a important trade union.

The three Visegrad today = **V4**

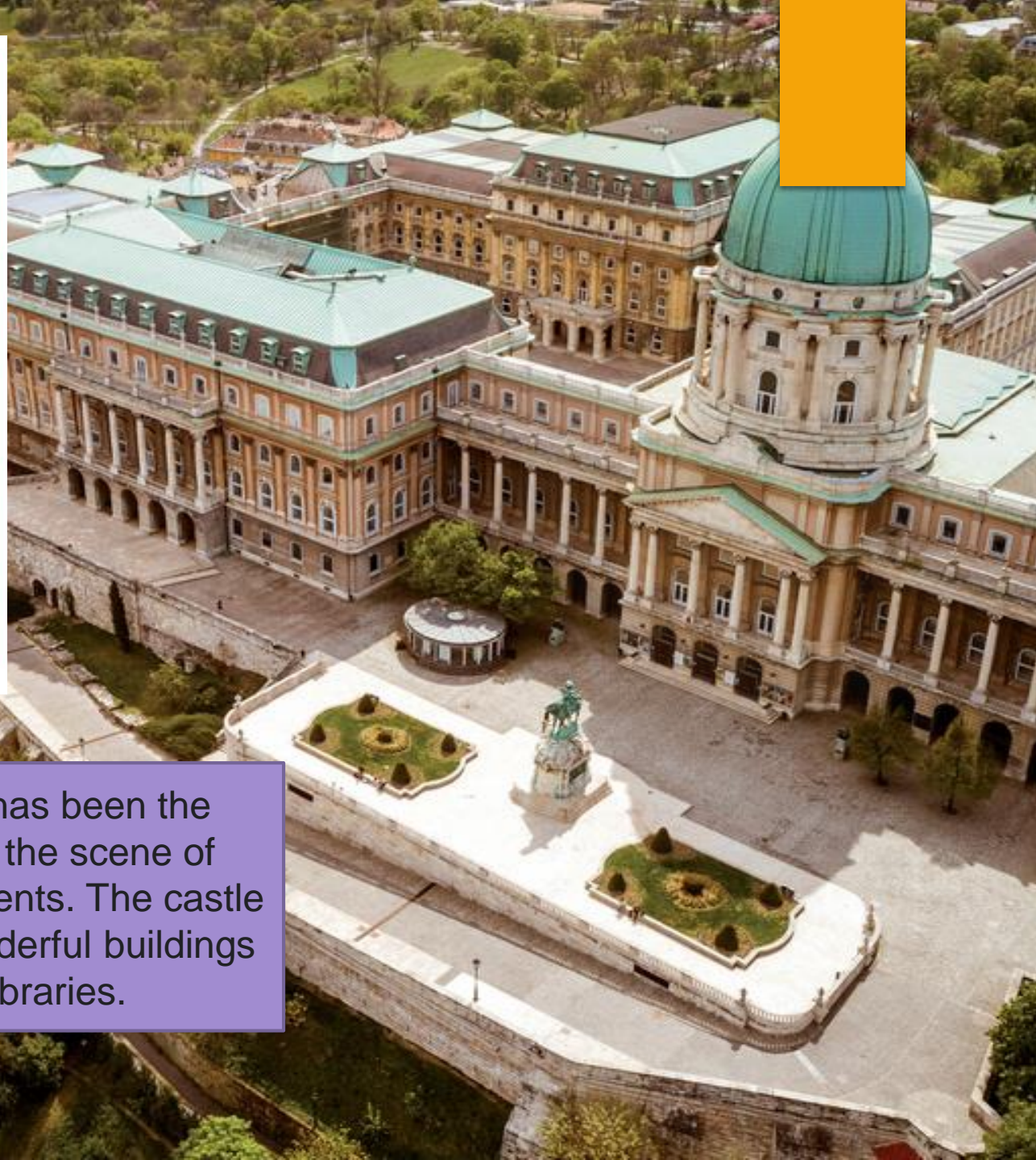


The Visegrád International Palace Game is the largest summer open-air historical festival. The three-day event features falconry and dance performances, knightly tournaments, fairs and wine tastings.





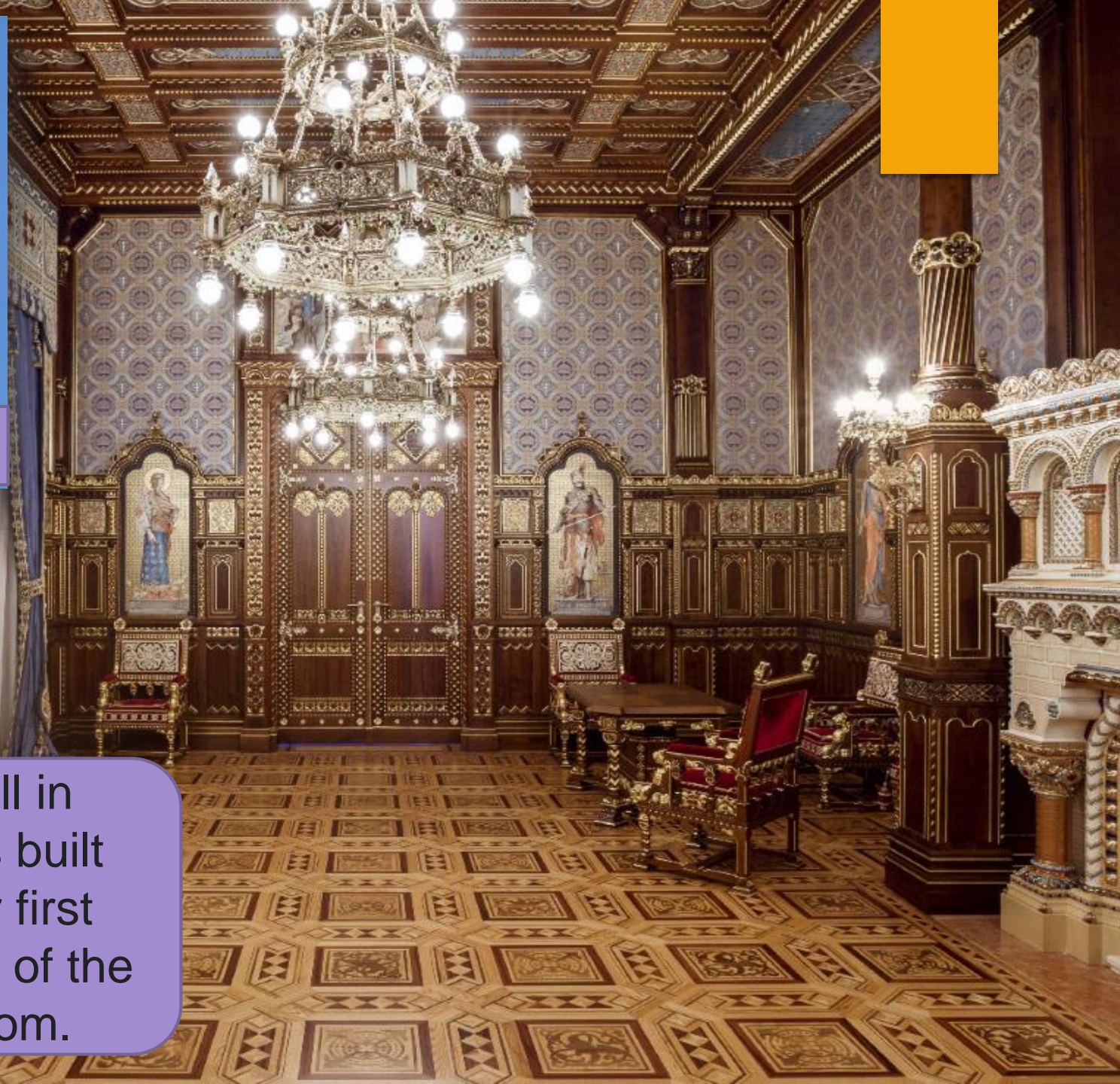
Since the Middle Ages, Buda has been the residence of Hungarian kings, the scene of many battles and historical events. The castle of Buda consists of many wonderful buildings with galleries, museums and libraries.





St. Stephen, the first Hungarian king

St. Stephen's Hall in Buda Castle was built in memory of our first king, the founder of the Hungarian kingdom.





The Ják Basilica in the Hill St. George.



This is the most famous Romanesque church in Hungary, it is 800 years old. It was founded around 1220.

Szegvár is a 7,000-year-old settlement. Its famous European landmark is the five clay statues found here, which date from 5000-4400 BC. The first statue is also called the Sickie God after the sickle harvester held in his hand. Sickie God may have been a prehistoric forerunner of one of the well-known myths of ancient Eastern and Greek mythology, with the sickle being the forerunner of the divinity that separated Heaven and Earth.



Questions

1. Where are the bones of Suleiman?
2. What is the friendship park next to Szigetvár?
3. When was the first royal meeting in Visegrád?
4. What kind of festival is there in Visegrád?
5. Where did the Hungarian kings live?
6. Who was the first Hungarian king?
7. How old is the Ják church?
8. How old is Szegvár?
9. What were found in Szegvár?