



Environmental words

IES CERRO DEL VIENTO, SPAIN

“Natural Spaces in Andalucía”

BIODIVERSITY

Biodiversity is usually explored at three levels - genetic diversity, species diversity and ecosystem diversity. Genetic diversity is the variety of genes within a species. Each species is made up of individuals that have their own particular genetic composition. Species diversity is the variety of species within a habitat or a region. Some habitats, such as rainforests and coral reefs, have many species. Others, such as salt flats or a polluted stream, have fewer. Ecosystem diversity is the variety of ecosystems in a given place. An ecosystem is a community of organisms and their physical environment interacting together.



NATURAL SPRING WATER

Spring, in hydrology, opening at or near the surface of the Earth for the discharge of water from underground sources. A spring is a natural discharge point of subterranean water at the surface of the ground or directly into the bed of a stream, lake, or sea. Water that emerges at the surface without a perceptible current is called a seep. Wells are holes excavated to bring water and other underground fluids to the surface. Water in springs, seeps, and wells generally originates as rainfall that has soaked into the soil and percolated into underlying rocks.



CREDITS

- <https://australianmuseum.net.au/learn/science/biodiversity/what-is-biodiversity/>
- <https://www.britannica.com/science/spring-water>

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