

 VRIJEASO.SCHOOL		
<h2>See you inspace</h2>		
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SCHOOL/ CLASS: De Bron/ 3WETc	MARKS: /...	
<h3>EXPERIMENT: magnetona balance</h3>		

#### RESEARCH QUESTION

Can you influence the weight of a magnet with another magnet?  
 Who has the strongest magnet, De Bron or CSI?

#### HYPOTHESIS (indicate the correct answer)

The weight of a magnet **does change** / **doesn't change** if you come near with another magnet.

The change in weight is **dependent** / **independent** from the way you hold the other magnet.

#### MATERIAL

Kitchen balance  
 Two magnets  
 Ruler.

#### OPERATION OF THE EXPERIMENT

Put one magnet on the kitchen balance to weigh.  
 Approach with another magnet and look how the weight changes.  
 Repeat this while holding the magnet in the other direction.

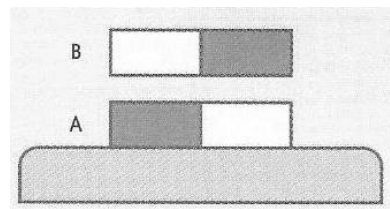
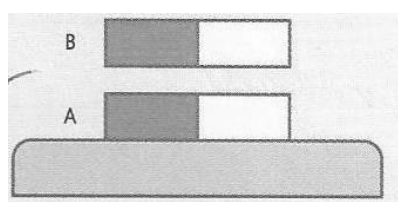
#### THE RESULTS:

doing the experiment  
 Read the mass of the magnet and calculate the weight.

Come near with the other magnet until you see an other "mass" on the balance. From then on, come closer cm by cm.

Note the "mass" by cm and calculate the weight. Make sure you measure to the millimeter!

Change the magnetic poles and repeat.



Complete the tables

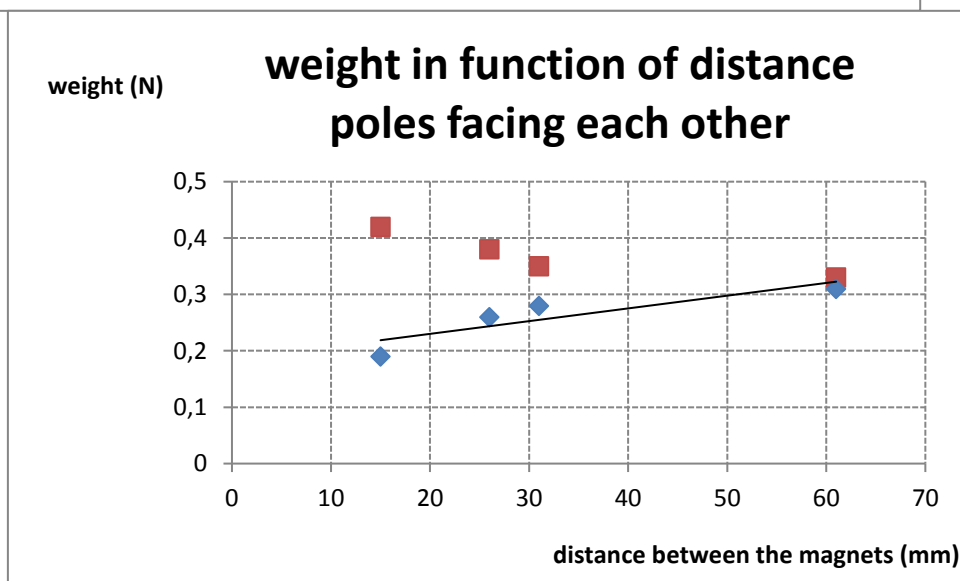
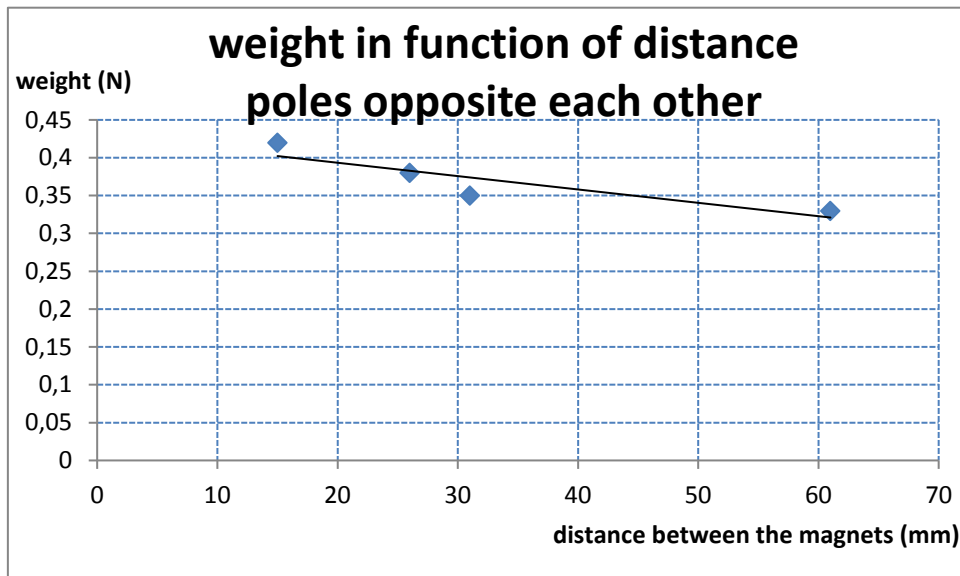
**SITUATION 1: there is attraction / repulsion by the magnets**

Distance between magnets (mm)	"mass" (g)	weight (N)
61	34	0.33
31	36	0.35
26	39	0.38
15	43	0.42

**SITUATION 2: there is attraction / repulsion by the magnets**

Distance between magnets (mm)	"mass" (g)	weight (N)
61	32	0.31
31	29	0.28
26	27	0.26
15	20	0.19

Make graphs (excel) of the weight ( $F_g$ ) in function of the distance between the magnets. Make two different graphs, one for each situation. Copy the graph in this document.



## CONCLUSIONS

If the magnets attract each other, the weight of the magnet below will

1) Be lower

If the magnets repulse each other, the weight of the magnet below will

2) Be higher

## REFLECTION

How do you explain the conclusions?

- 1) The weight of the magnet below is lower because the magnet above attracts the magnet to himself, so the weight is lower because now the magnet pushes less on the balance.
- 2) The magnet above pushes the magnet below on the balance, so the weight is higher.

Is the change in weight the same either by attraction or repulsion?

Yes, it's about the same. (attraction: lower weight, repulsion: higher weight)

Compare your results with the results in the other school. Which school has the strongest magnets?

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