History

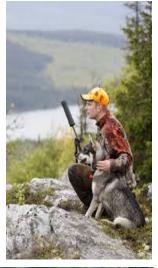
During a very long time and all through the 20th century, hunting was important to support Swedish families.

Earlier, in the 17th century, only the king and nobilities had the right to hunt moose in Sweden.



The wild boar was extinct in Sweden during the 18th century, but since they've escaped fenced areas, they've managed to re-establish well in Sweden. Since 1987 they are to be not seen as endangered any longer. They can not yet be found in northern Sweden but they are coming closer to Norrbotten for every season that passes.













Hunting in Sweden



Hunting can be performed all around the year, but not the same species



all through the year.

Svenska Jägareförbundet

Svenska Jägareförbundet has a commission assigned by the government, whereas members of the association are educated caretakers of the wild and the



actual hunting.

You are actually forbidden by law to carry your own weapon and hunt by yourself before you're 18 and has taken a hunting exam, a state hunting card is also necessary. You're also not allowed to own or carry a gun if you don't have taken the exam. This law has been in order since -85.

Hunting

The animals we hunt in Sweden are mostly moose, deer, bear, fox, wild boar, hare and also different breeds of birds. Which animals we are allowed to hunt depends on the time of the year and where you're located in Sweden. At this day, wild boars doesn't live as far up in Sweden



The Benefits of hunting

It's good for our society since the people who hunt shoots annually about a third of the moose who live in Sweden. If we were to stop hunting, it wouldn't take long before it would be unbearable for our roads and the forest in general.