

#### Taking account of national, regional and schoollevel drop out rates in Bulgaria

Erasmus + Strategic Partnerships

Project: "Visible Teaching for Performance"

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## The main recent and ongoing policy measures in Bulgaria, with a focus on developments since mid-2016.

- There is a greater focus on inclusive education in Bulgaria. Authorities plan to revise the funding model in school education to support improvements in equity (by channeling additional resources to disadvantaged schools) and quality.
- Underachievement in basic skills as measured by PISA remains one of the highest in the EU. This is due to a combination of educational factors and equity challenges.
- Authorities have started implementing a new approach to tackle early school leaving.
- Integrating Roma into the education system remains a challenge, as does Roma school segregation.
- Performance-based funding of higher education seeks to address the challenges of quality and labour market relevance. Bulgaria is making efforts to improve the quality of vocational education and training.



#### Key indicators

	Bulgaria	EU average
	2016	2016
Early leavers from education and	13,8 %	10,7%
training (age 18-24)		
Tertiary educational attainment	33,8%	39,1%
(age 30-34)		
Proportion of 15 year-olds with		
Underachievement (by PISA) in:		
• Reading	41,5	19,7
• Maths	42,1	22,2
• Science	37,9	20,6

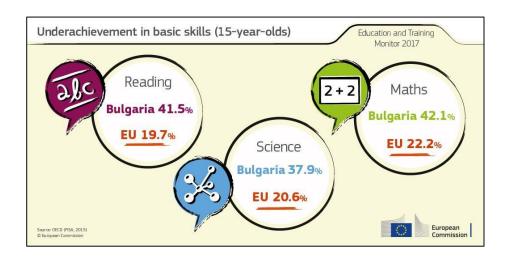


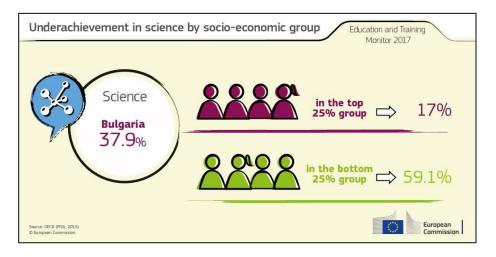
#### Underachievement in basic skills as measured by PISA survey 2015

Educational outcomes are strongly linked to socioeconomic background, despite some improvements in equity. The 2015 OECD Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) survey found low performance was widespread among disadvantaged students. Around 60 % or more of students from the bottom socioeconomic quartile fail to achieve a minimum level of skills in science (59 %), reading (65 %) and mathematics (62.6 %). This performance gap is the highest in the EU (42 pp. in science vs 26.2 pp. EU average).

#### Education and Training Monitor 2017









#### Early School Leaving from Education 2016/2017

- New measures are implemented to tackle early school leaving. Contrary to the general trend in the EU, the proportion of early school leavers (aged 18-24) is rising: 13.8 % in 2016 compared to the EU average of 10.7 %. In this context, reaching the national Europe 2020 target of 11 % will prove challenging. ESL is very low in cities (2.8 %) but rises to 15.8 % in towns and suburbs and to 30.3 % in rural areas. The high number of dropouts each year is linked to *socioeconomic factors*, educational difficulties and, increasingly, to emigration (which accounts for more than half of drop-outs). Local teams were deployed on the ground as part of an interinstitutional cooperation mechanism to improve school enrolment and retention. The aim is to identify out of school children or students at risk of dropout, improve the information exchange between relevant institutions, and improve data collection.
- A recent survey found that 67 % of Roma aged 18-24 are early school leavers, with women disproportionately at risk (77 % vs 57 % for men).
- http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/strategic-framework/dashboard



Total	
Students	741235
Drop outs	21170
I – IV grade	
Students	261969
Drop outs	6568
of which:	
Unwillingness	251
Family reasons	2251
Went abroad	3504



Total	
Students	741235
Drop outs	21170
V - VIII grade	
Students	216451
Drop outs	8139
of which:	
Unwillingness	1089
Family reasons	2944
Went abroad	3328



Total Total		
Students		741235
Drop outs		21170
Vocational training schools after VIII grade		
Students		992
Drop outs		38
of which:		
Unwillingness		11
Family reasons		15
Went abroad		10



Total	
Students	741235
Drop outs	21170
IX - XII grade	
Students	260515
Drop outs	6351
of which:	
Unwillingness	1745
Family reasons	2659
Went abroad	1498



Total	
Students	741235
Drop outs	21170
Vocational colleges with selection after secondary education	
Students	1308
Drop outs	74
of which:	
Unwillingness	3
Family reasons	39
Went abroad	32



Students I–VIII grade, drop-outs from general and special schools by statistical zones, statistical regions, districts and municipalities.

North-East Region	2340
Varna	1078
Varna area	586



Fourth Language School "Frederic Joliot-Curie", Varna		
VIII-XII grade		
Students	1022	
Leavers	17	
of which:		
Unwillingness		
Family reasons	9	
Went abroad	8	

# Thank you for the attention!

Project team of Fourth Language School Frederic Joliot-Curie" Varna; Sources of the statistical data: National Statistical Institute (NSI), Republic of Bulgaria and "2017 Education and Training Monitor — European Commission".

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