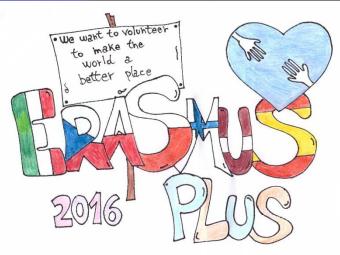
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O







In Italy, the educational system is composed by:

- Infant school 3 years
- Primary school 5 years
- Junior secondary school 3 years
- High secondary school 5 years
- University 5 years



Infant school

- Children attend the infant school from three to five years
- Two teachers in each section



	structure
First section	3/4
Second s.	4/5
Third s.	5/6



Here children learn mostly by doing...







Primary school is the first level of the first study cicle and of compulsory Education.

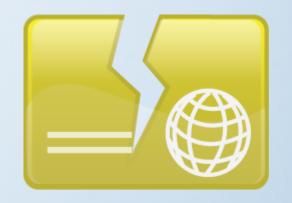
 Children attend the primary school from six to ten years

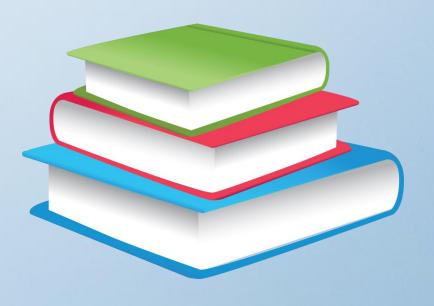


	structure
First class	6/7
Second c.	7/8
Third c.	8/9
Fourth c. s	9/10
Fifth c.	10/11

Children having reached the age of six start to attend primary school .This school is divided into 5 didactic periods: an initial year and two years periods. No fee is payable for attending primary school and the text books are free.

The number of pupils in each class, as a rule, doesn't exceed 25 and is not lower than 10.





EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMES

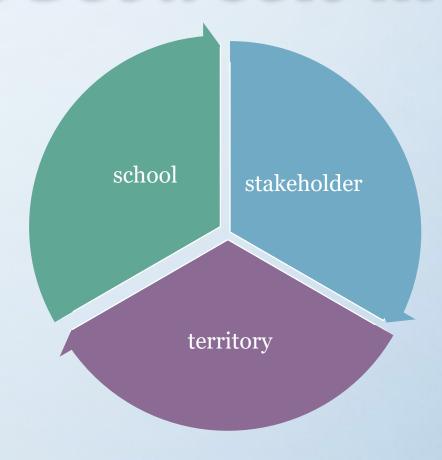
Teaching models adopted



Teaching	models
First model	27 hours
Second model	30 h.
Third model	40 h.

There is a close collaboration between ...

... Fach school
can elaborate its
own programme,
project of work
and its own
activities...



Compulsory subjects in the Primary School

Italian

History A foreign language

Art

Geography Maths

ICT

Science

Religion

Visual image education

Computer science

Sound and music education

Junior secondary school

is the second level of compulsory teaching.



	structure
First class	11/12
Second class	12/13
Third class	13/14

No fee is payable for attending junior secondary school but text books are not free





The number of pupils in each class, as a rule, doesn't exceed 28 and is not lower than 12. If a class includes one o more pupils with disabilities, the total number of pupils will not exceed 20.

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMIES

Teaching models adopted

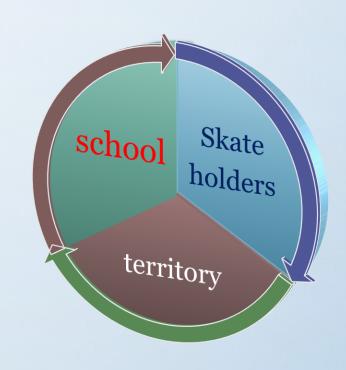


Teaching	models
First model	30 hours
Second model	36 h.

one or two weekly returns

There is a close collaboration between ...

Each school is free to organize its activities taking into account the needs of pupils and of skateholders (family, pupils and local territory), but always respecting the general objectives of the national educational system.



compulsory subjects in the junior secondary school

Italian

history Two foreign languages geography

maths

technology

sound and music education

visual image education

computer science

religion

citizenship

science

sound and music education

Our schools: Istituto Comprensivo



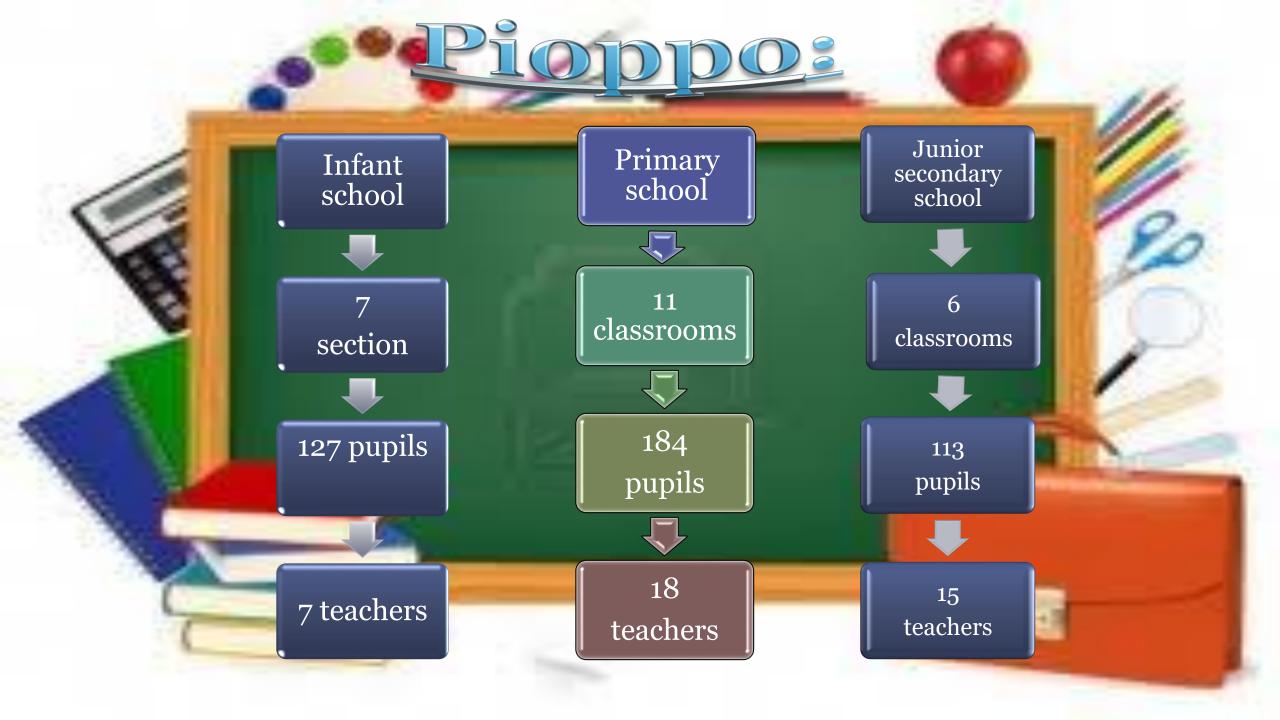
Our school is composed by two municipal districts:

Villaciambra and Pioppo In each town there are:

- Infant school
- Primary school
- Junior secondary school







Our adopted teaching model for Pioppo and Villaciambra Infant school

Its timetable is twenty hours a week. Lessons start at 8.00 and finish at 13.00 p.m. five days a week.

Pupils and teachers don't go to school on Saturday.

Our adopted teaching model for Villaciambra and Pioppo primary school

Its timetable is twenty-seven hours a week.

Lessons start at 8.00 and finish at 13.00 p.m.

three days a week and at 14.00 two days a week.

Children and teachers are free on Saturday.

There is a school canteen where children and

Junior secondary school

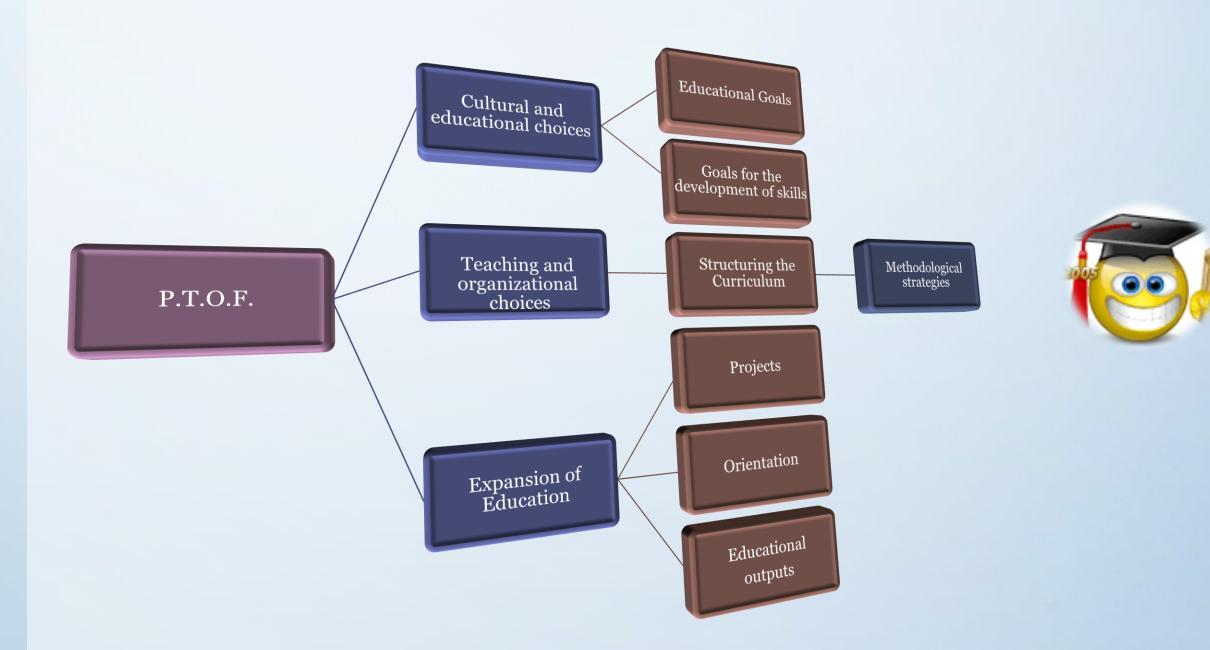
Its timetable is 30 hours a week. Lessons start at 8.00 and finish at 14.00 p.m. five days a week. Learners and teachers are free on Saturday.



All the decisions that every school takes through its components (teachers headmaster, parents delegation) set the FORMATIVE OFFER PLAN, that is the official document approved by the School Council.

The PTOF is a public document that expresses the school autonomy, that consists in the curricular flexibility and the organizational responsibility of the school. It is approved by the Council of the Institute and developed by the College of Teachers.





THE HEADMISTRESS

The headmistress is responsible for the overall management of the institution, of wich she has legal responsability

She is responsible for the management of financial and material resources and for the quality of the service provided.

With due respect of the governing bodies, the headmistress has autonomy in her role of direction, coordination, and exploitation of resources. She provides for the collaboration among school and every cultural professional and economic resources present in the community.

In her work, the headmistres can resort to teachers, whom she will have selected, and in addition she is assisted by the administrative director and the school office staff.

TEACHERS' ASSEMBLY

Assemblea

The teachers' meeting is made up of the permanent and temporary teachers of the school.

The teachers' assembly periodically evaluates the general development of didactics to ensure.

It works in keeping with the planned objectives, and proposes appropriate measures to improve educational activities (wherever necessary).

The teachers' assembly selects textbooks, having consulted the INTER CLASS COUNCIL and teaching materials within the financial limits laid down by the SCHOOL COUNCIL.

It is consulted by the headmistress as regards class formation, lesson timetables and the performances of school activities, taking account of the general criteria laid down by the CLASS COUNCIL.



METHODOLOGICAL STRATEGIES

methodology

- Value experience
- Encourage exploration and discovery
- stimulate collaborative learning
- Promote autonomy in the study
- Encourage self-esteem

In order to obtain the desired educational goals, teachers promote significant learning.

Teachers, while respecting their individual freedom of teaching, recognize some methodologies as privileged for the acquisition of the skills necessary to achieve the educational and didactic objectives. Each teacher can promote, within the class, individualized activities that offer to the pupils the opportunity to experiment, to produce, to process in a creative way, to reflect on the personal learning process and on the acquired knowledge.

We love our school