

# CLIL - "HANDS-ON"

Difficulties of CLIL and how to overcome them



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#### DIFFICULTIES:

- student's discrepancy between cognitive and linguistic abilities (to know WHAT to say, but not HOW to say it in English)
- the fear to talk about a difficult topic in front of a new group (in English!)
- → How to overcome these problems:
  - ✓ start the day with an ice breaker
  - ✓ introduce the most important words & phrases beforehand
  - ✓ integrate ideas & methods from language didactics
  - ✓ Keep it simple! Less is more!



## 1. Start the day / lesson with an ice breaker

■ The first lesson / 45 minutes of a CLIL day should start with a game or activity which makes sure that the students get to know each other and speak as much as possible in a relaxed atmosphere.

#### ■ IDEAS:

- Speed-Dating (double circle, 90 seconds, talking about yourself)
- Taboo or Splat (2 mixed groups, words that have something to do with Europe / culture, e.g. "Angela Merkel", "train", "Dutch", "bear", "ESC" → Splat = pictures on the black board, 2 students hit them with a fly swatter)
- Find someone who... (grid with ~16 slots, e.g. find someone who has two brothers / has visited another continent... → who finishes first?)
- → This way, students will not only activate their English competencies & get to know the others better, but also reduce their fears to talk in the group ©





- Two possibilites:
- → Send a list of words 1-2 weeks in advance and ask students to learn them. (Refresh the words in the lesson with a vocabulary game, e.g. **TIC TAC TOE** – 2 groups, explain a word to get a point – or BINGO – 16 squares, 2 rounds, 1st picture..., 2nd English – or 4 CORNERS (4 people, 4 corners, move if you know it)
  - + If you have difficult words, you can save a lot of lesson time.
  - + It's easier for weaker students who have problems remembering foreign words in the lesson.
  - Only 1 group can do it this way; otherwise, it is too much to remember & students will get bored.
  - Some students won't learn the words.
- → Use the <u>beginning of your lesson</u> to introduce new words. (Explain the words in English (!) using pictures, examples or pantomimes. Don't forget spelling & pronunciation. Possibilities: teacher's presentation, mix & match tasks (on a paper, with movement), quiz)
  - + All students will learn the words.
  - + You don't have to plan everything in advance.
  - You'll have to use ~15 minutes of your lesson, so make it motivating.



### 3. Integrate ideas & methods from language didactics

- CLIL (= content <u>and language</u> integrated learning) → CLIL is a combination of a certain subject (e.g. history, geography, biology) AND a foreign language → use some lesson time to work the language + use ideas & methods from language didactics to make this happen
- for example:
  - visualization (pictures, mind map / concept map, charts, graphs, numbers)
  - provide language help for understanding and producing texts
    - word lists / sentence starters / mix & match phrases
    - scaffoldings (= many language support systems in the beginning → less & less over time)
  - 4-step reading technique:
    - 1. Pre-reading activity (goal: activate knowledge; e.g.: headline > predict what happens...)
    - 2. Global understanding (What's the essence of the text?) / 3. Detailed understanding
    - 4. Post-reading acitivity (goal: deepen understanding & work with content; e.g.: creative writing)
  - **Task-based language learning** (= focus on completing a meaningful task using authentic language, e.g. conducting an interview, calling customer service, visiting a doctor...)
  - **fluency over accuracy** (Let the student's know that they're allowed to make mistakes. Communication is the goal. BUT: Correct mistakes.)



# 4. Keep it simple! Less is more!

- <u>The good news is</u>: in a CLIL lesson, students learn two things: content + language / <u>The bad news is</u>: since students cannot just learn double as much in one lesson, the content has to be reduced (a great deal!)
  - > Reduce the content to the core / the essence only.
  - Language of lesson material should be as easy as possible.
  - Slow down & intensify your lesson.
  - Work with examples.
- <u>To put it in a nutshell</u>: Reduce the content of your lesson and when you think there's nothing left, reduce a bit more ② → student's can concentrate on the core / the essence only.

### Model Lesson: 0. Ice Breaker





### Speed-Dating





- 3. After **90 seconds**, you swap roles.
- 4. Then: outer circle moves clockwise.
- 5. Listen carefully! There will be **7 lies** you need to find!



### Speed-Dating



My name is.../ I'm...

I'm from.../ I live in.../ My home town is...

I've got a sister/ two brothers/ a horse/ a rabbit/ fishes...

My hobbies are swimming/ reading/ meeting friends/ travelling/ playing soccer/ listening to music/ sleeping...

I like to.../ I don't like to.../ I love.../ I hate...

This week I would like to.../ I'm here in Zwickau, because...

sentence starter



# Model Lesson: 1. PRE-activity





### Model Lesson: 2. GLOBAL understanding



### How does tourism affect the environment?

In your groups, have a look at the picture and find situations in which the environment is affected by tourism. Write down key words on the arrows and point them to the specific situation. (12 minutes)

¹to affect = to have an effect on / to make a difference to

<sup>2</sup>key words = only a few (important) words

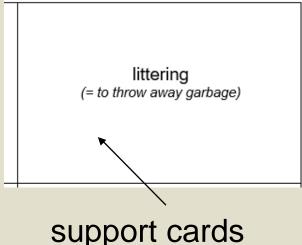
<sup>3</sup>arrow =

keeping it simple

language help

visualization







## Model Lesson: 3. DETAILED understanding

Each group of five gets a speech bubble with a provocative (non-sustainable) statement. The students give their view on the topic by commenting the statement on a blank speech bubble.



### SPEECH BUBBLES

Read your speech bubble<sup>1</sup> and react by writing your opinion on the blank<sup>2</sup> speech bubble. (10 minutes)

- ❖ Justify your opinion. (= Why do you think so?)
- Give a suggestion for improvement. (= What needs to be done to make the situation better (for the environment))?

<sup>1</sup> speech bubble = <sup>2</sup> blank = empty •

Today's highlight: ALL
YOU CAN EAT & DANCE
– unlimited buffet & openend disco and beach party.

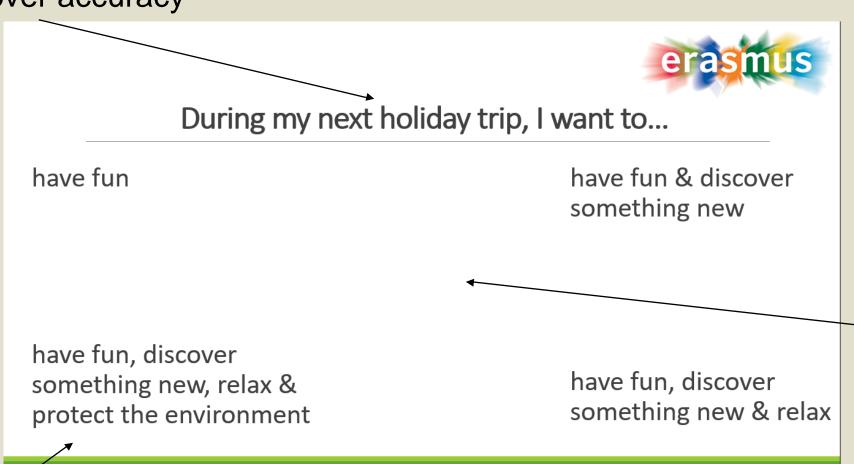
keeping it simple

visualization



### Model Lesson: 4. POST-activity

fluency over accuracy



Building a bridge to the lesson's introduction

Moving / activate students / encouragement to talk



# YOUR TURN ©

- With a partner, create your own CLIL lesson. (60 minutes)
- <u>Topic</u>: "Wie Globalisierung / Tourismus das kulturelle Erbe beeinflusst. Tourismus beeinflusst Kultur in zwei Richtungen. Erhalt bestimmter Brauchtümer." (*How globalisation / tourism affects the cultural heritage. Tourism affects culture in two ways. Preservation of certain customs / traditions.*) (Zwickau, Dec 18)



# **Presentation & Evaluation**

Let's present your ideas!

(The others: Give feedback, please.)