

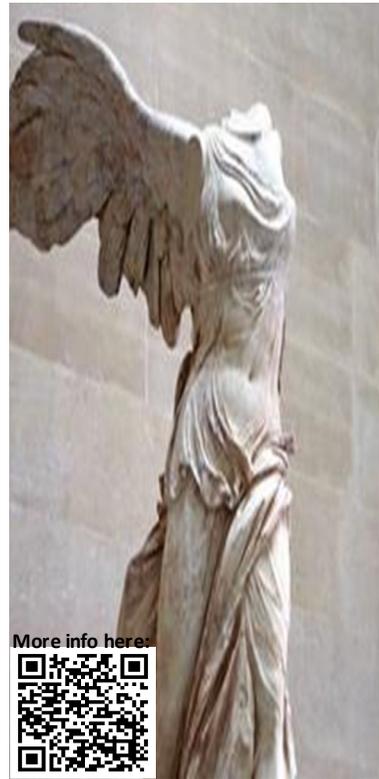
LOCATION



The museum is located by the southeastern slope of the Acropolis hill, on the ancient road that led up to the "sacred rock" in classical times. Set only 280 meters away from the Parthenon, and a mere 400 meters walking distance from it, the museum will be the largest modern building erected so close to the ancient site, although many other buildings from the last 150 years are located closer to the Acropolis. It is easily reached by the Akropoli metro station.



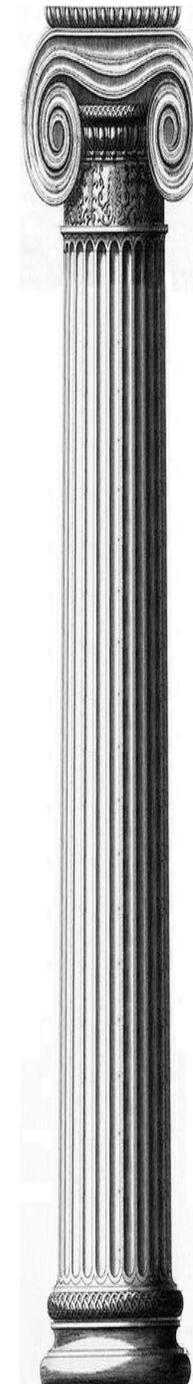
A History of thousand years



More info here:

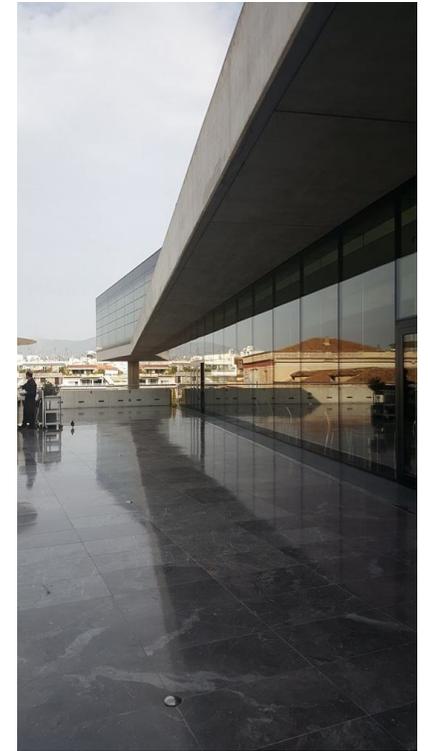


Media Education: From Passive Consumers to Active Creators



In the eyes of ancient Greeks

the Acropolis museum



ATHENS, GREECE





ABOUT THE MUSEUM



The **Acropolis Museum** is an archaeological museum hosting the findings of the archaeological site of the Acropolis of Athens. The museum was built to house every artifact found on the rock and on its feet, from the Greek Bronze Age to Roman and Byzantine Greece.



It lies on the archaeological site of Makrygianni and the ruins of a part of Roman and early Byzantine Athens. It was founded in 2003, while the Organization of the Museum was established in 2008. It opened to the public on 20 June 2009.

Today, the new Acropolis Museum has a total area of 25,000 square meters and nearly 4,000 objects are exhibited at a space of over 14,000 square meters, ten times more than that of the old museum on the Hill of the Acropolis.



The new Museum offers all the amenities expected in an international museum of the 21st century.



EXHIBITIONS



The collections of the museum are exhibited on three levels while a fourth middle level houses the auxiliary spaces such as the museum shop, the café and the offices. On the first level of the museum there are the findings of the slopes of the Acropolis. The long and rectangular hall whose floor is sloping, resembles the ascension to the rock. Then, the visitor is found at the large trapezoidal hall which accommodates the archaic findings. On the same floor there are also the artifacts and sculptures from the other Acropolis buildings such as the Erechtheum, the Temple of Athena Nike and the Propylaea and findings from Roman and early Christian Athens. However the visitor is intended to see the latter during descent so as to keep the chronological order because he will first be directed to the top level, which displays the Parthenon marbles.

